### COASTAL VILLAGE

### CODE BOOK

**DESIGN REGULATIONS** 

ARCHITECTURAL REGULATIONS

**URBAN REGULATIONS** 

LANDSCAPE REGULATIONS

DESIGN REVIEW POLICY & FORMS

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

APPROVED ARCHITECT & BUILDER LIST

7.2017

P.O. Box 1247 Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459 www.draperlake.com

COASTAL VILLAGE

WALTON COUNTY, FLORIDA

West Scenic Route 30-A

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## Draper Lake

## **Design Regulations**

The Design Regulations for Draper Lake consists of three components:

#### THE REGULATING PLAN

...is a map showing the various building types with precision. The Regulating Plan also shows the form and location of public open spaces, and the type and trajectories of the various thoroughfares.

### **ARCHITECTURAL REGULATIONS**

...is a matrix of text that specifies the materials and configurations permitted for walls, roofs, openings, and facades intended to produce visual compatibility among disparate building types.

#### **URBAN REGULATIONS**

...is a matrix of text and diagrams that regulates those aspects of private buildings which affect the public realm. The Urban Regulations vary according to the zoning categories of the Regulation Plan. The Urban Regulations define the streetscape with rules that affect building placement, frontage elements, building uses, building heights, and parking.

### **General Notes Regarding the Design Regulations:**

Variances to the Architectural Regulations may be granted on the basis of architectural merit.

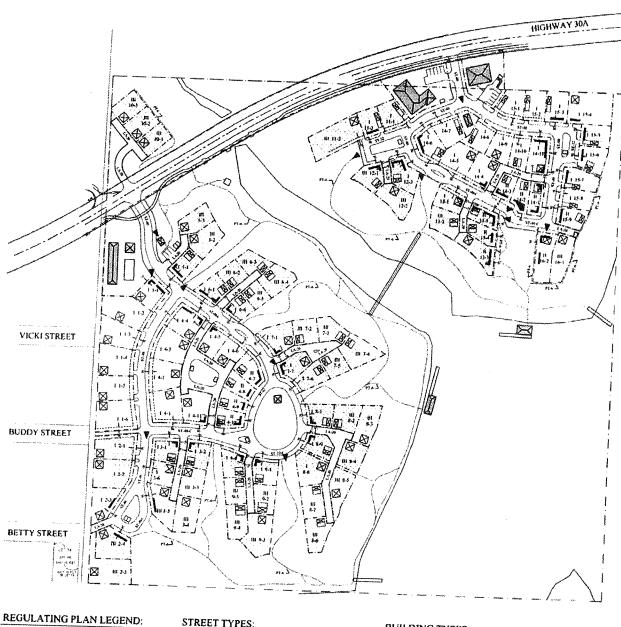
These regulations will be updated periodically, and all subsequent changes will apply to all buildings which have yet to complete the schematic design phase.

These regulations are strictly aesthetic in their intent. In case of contradiction with the local safety codes, these regulations shall be adjusted in collaboration with the Director of Design Review. In no way does compliance with these regulations exempt a structure from conformance with other applicable codes.

## The Regulating Plan

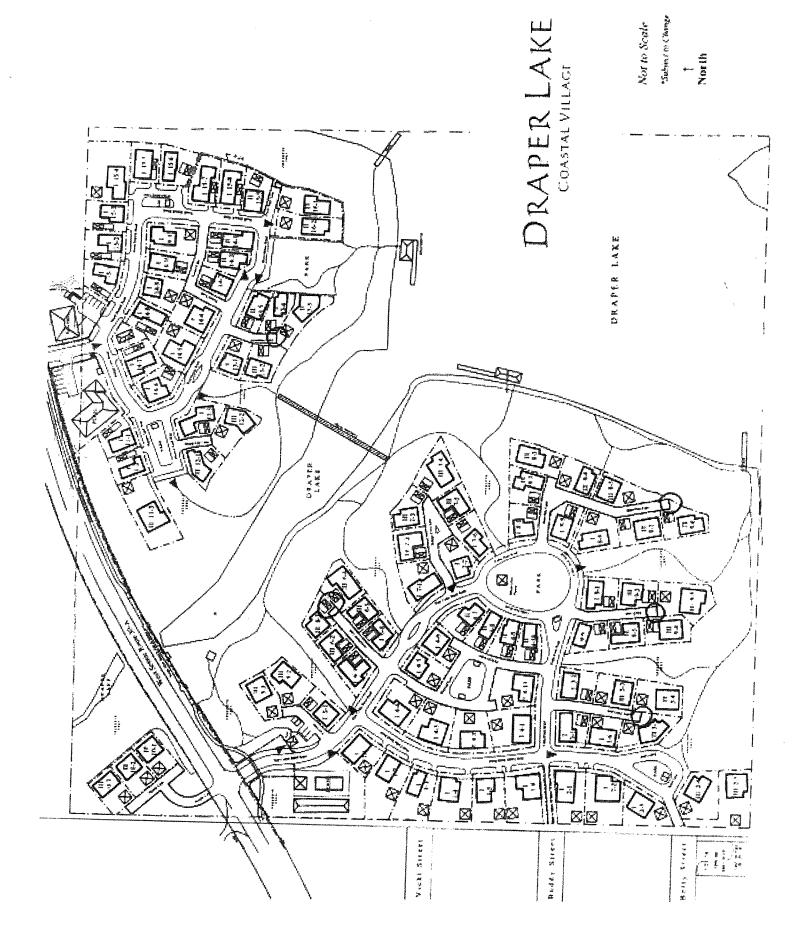
The Regulating Plan establishes the framework for the neighborhood. It shows the designated building type for each lot. The Regulating Plan works hand-in-hand with the Urban Regulations to provide the particular details for each of the lot types.

The Regulating Plan reveals specific required elements on a lot by lot basis, such as fixed setback locations, required frontage elements, view corridors that cross private property lines, tower locations and terminated vistas.





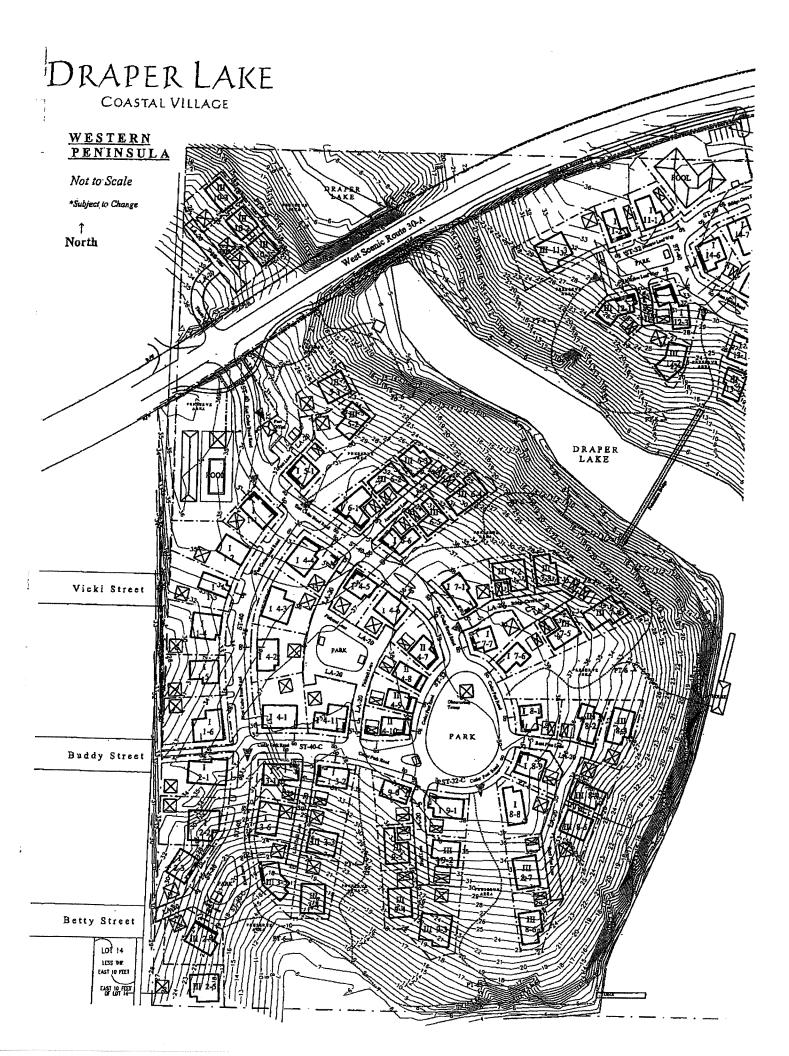
Please refer to larger plan to review details of the Regulating Plan.

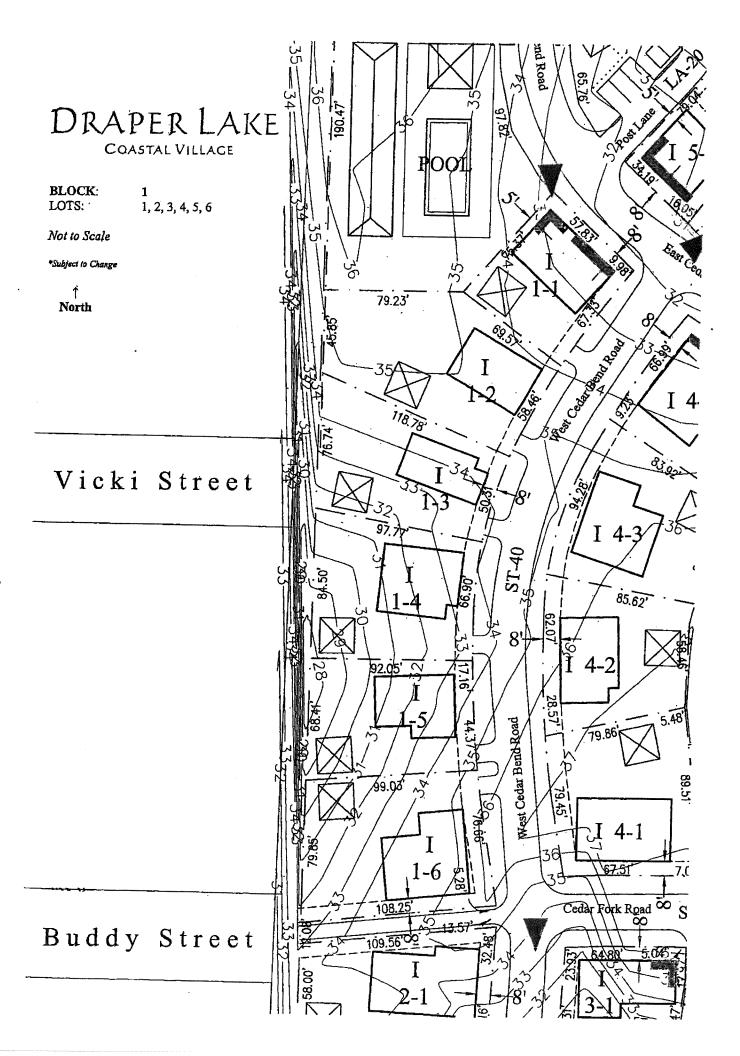


COASTAL VILLAGE

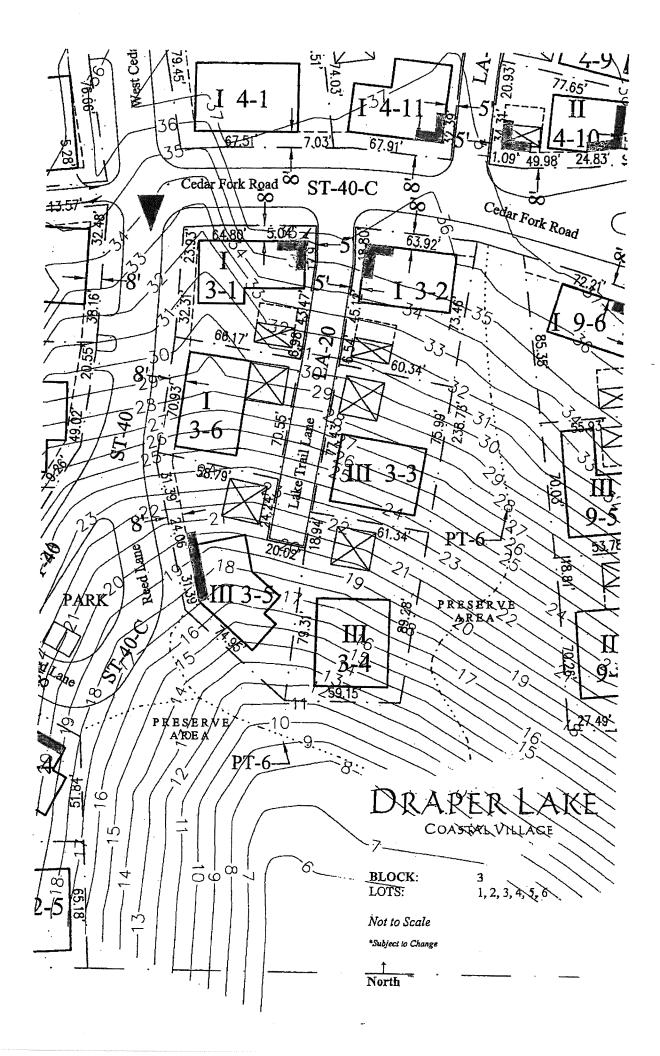
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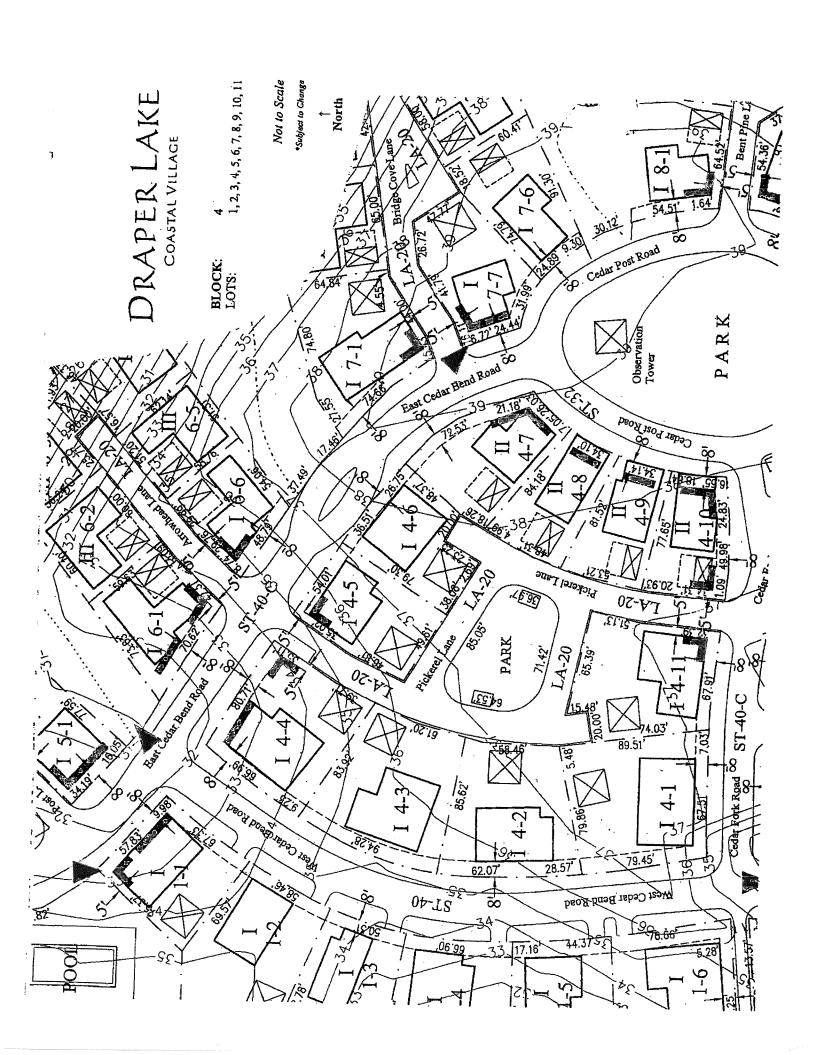
**WESTERN PENINSULA** 

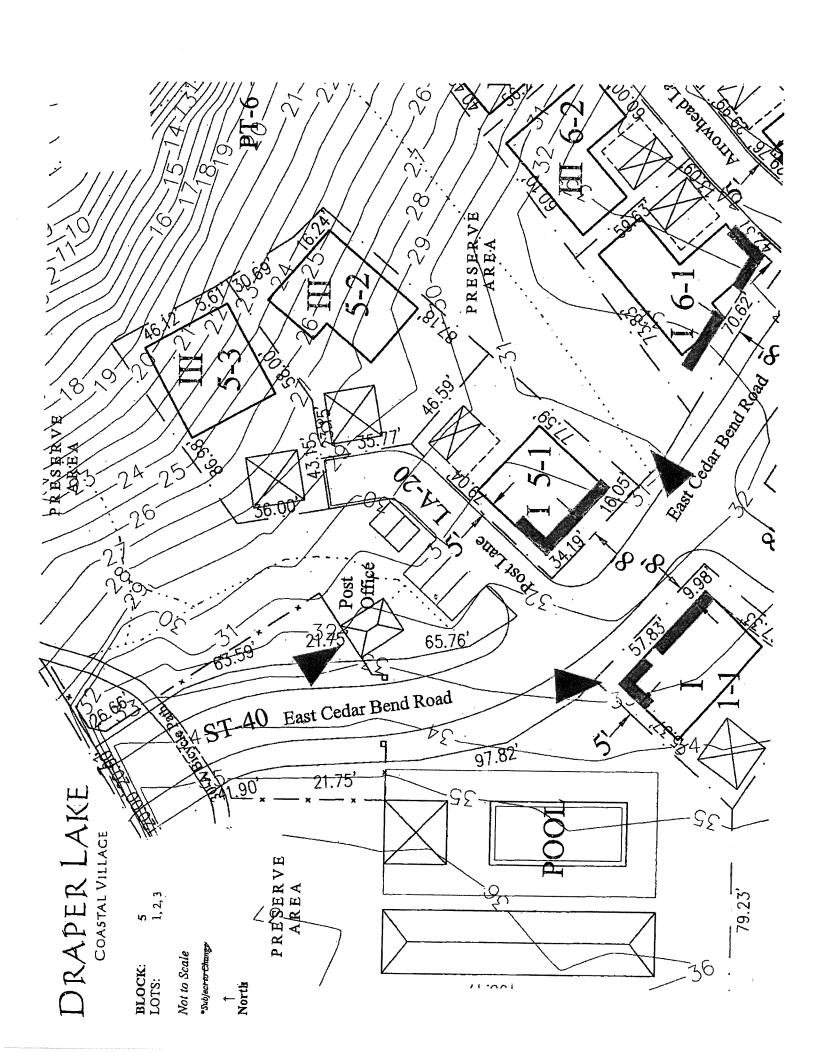


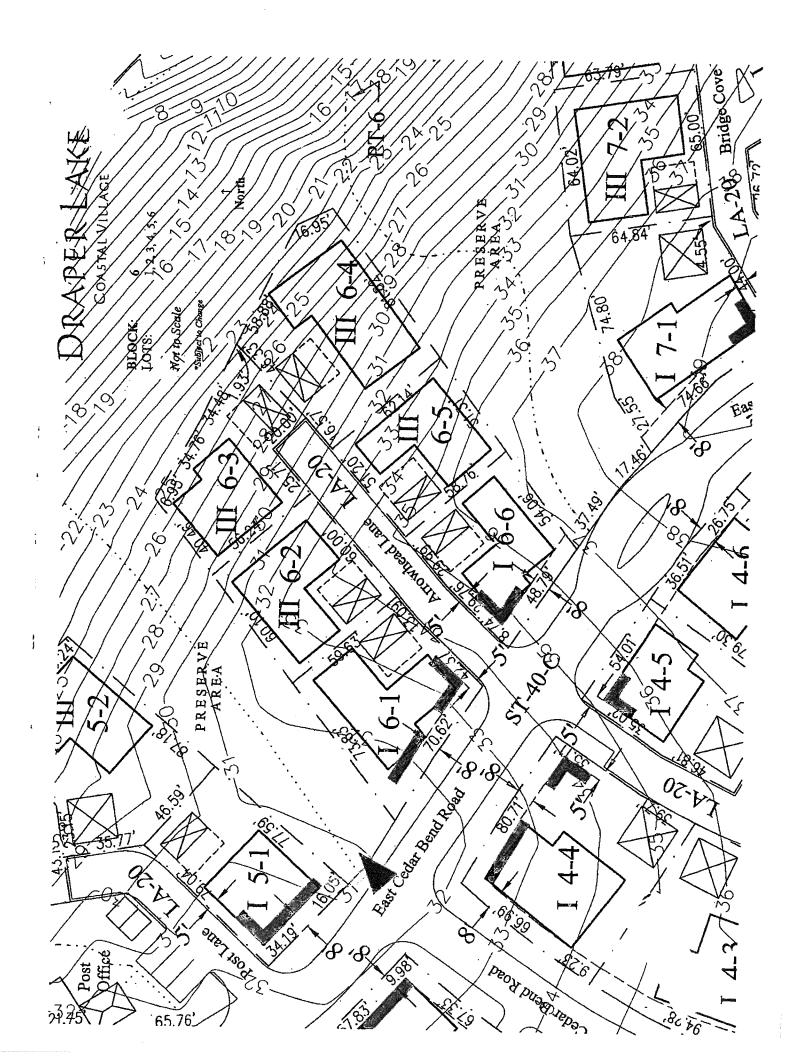


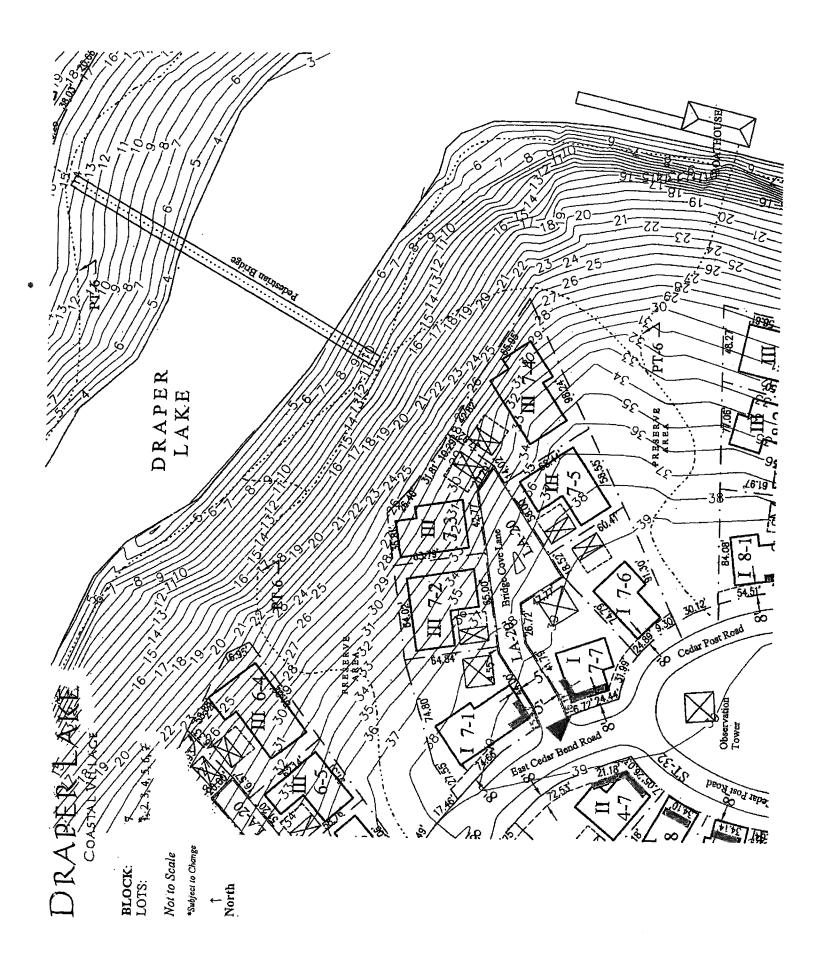
167.51 Buddy Street 109.5600 DRAPER LAKE COASTAL VILLAGE BLOCK: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 LOTS: Not to Scale \*Subject to Change † North 88.06 Betty Street PRESERVE LOT 14 Ó LESS THE EAST 10 FEET -8--9 EAST 10 FEET OF LOT 14-

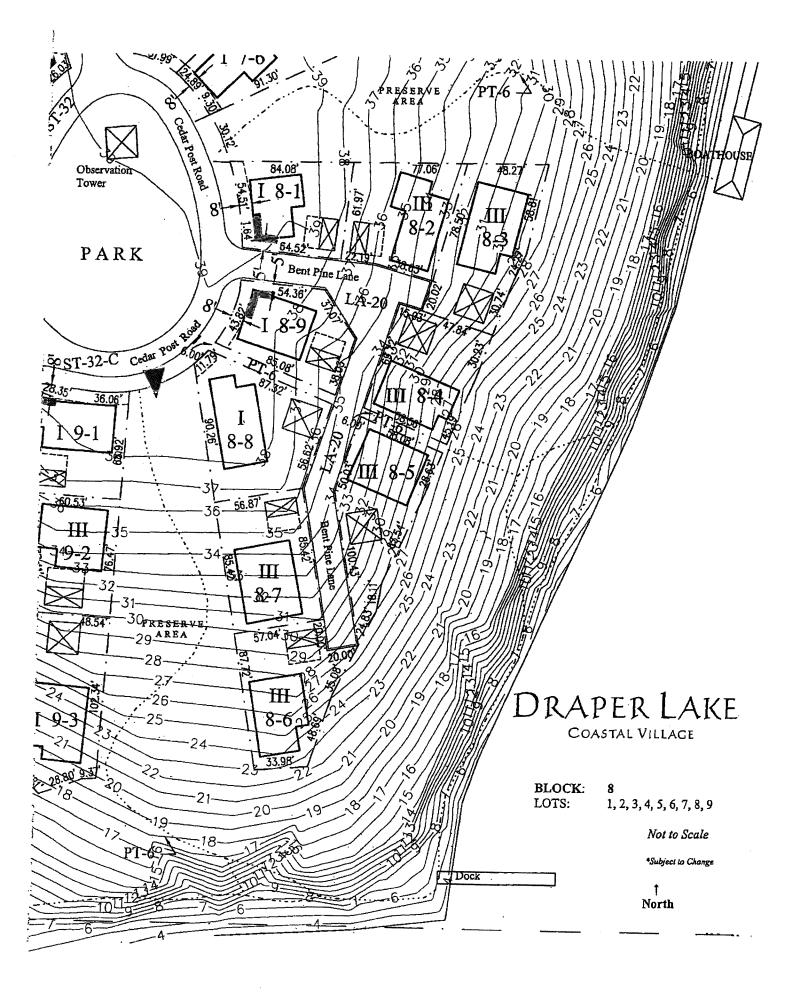


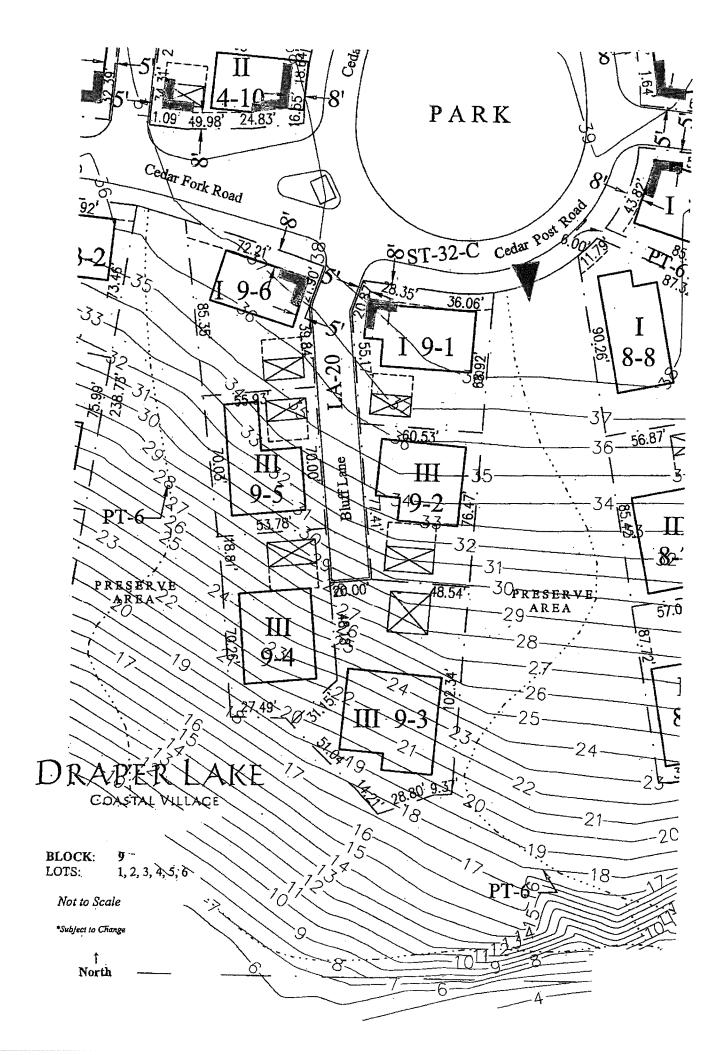












DRAPER LAKE A-OE amor prome 30-P Not to Scale BLOCK: LOTS: DRAPER

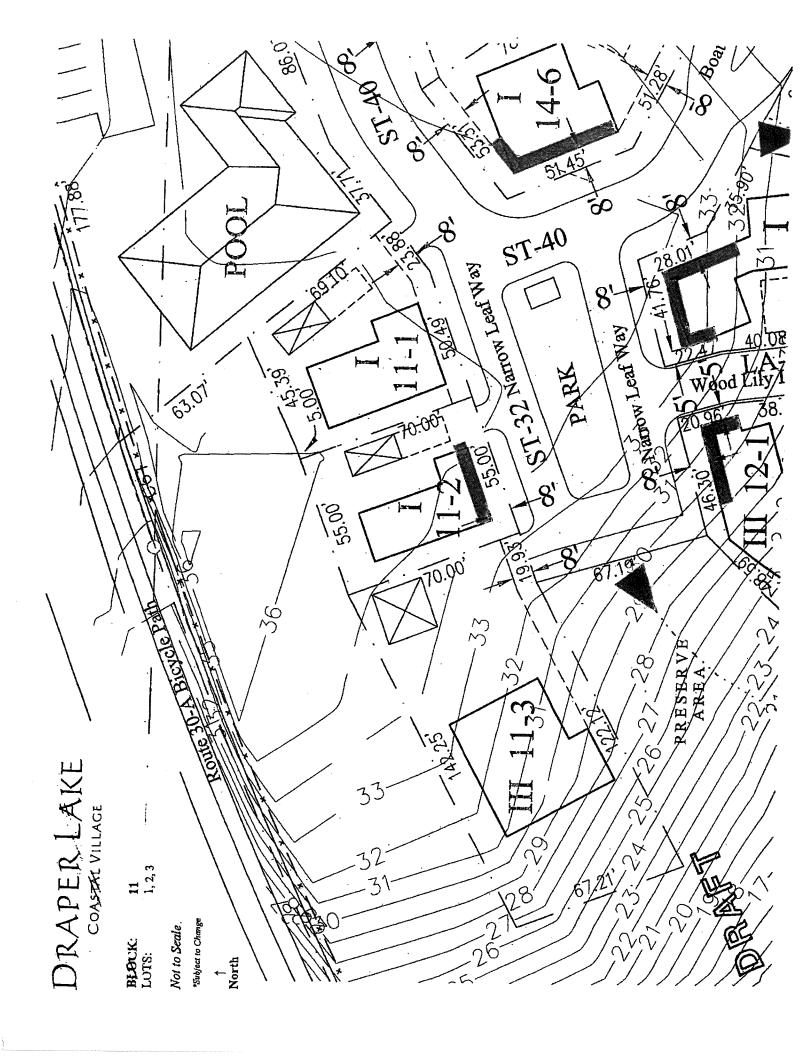
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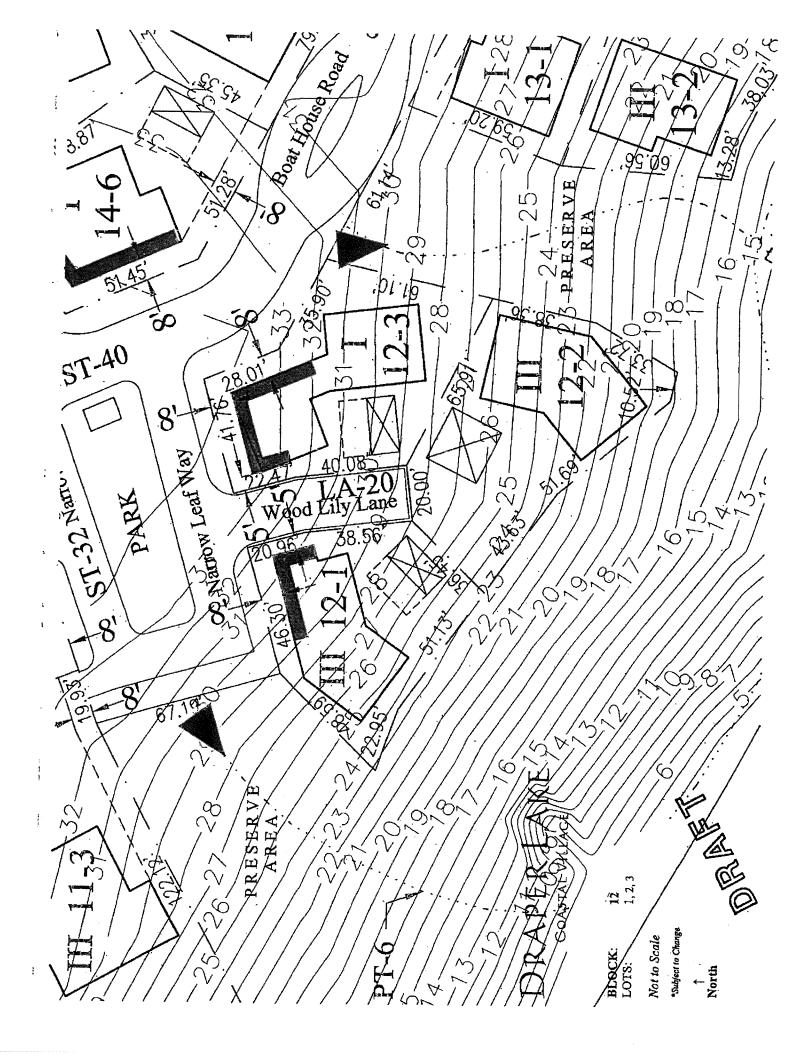
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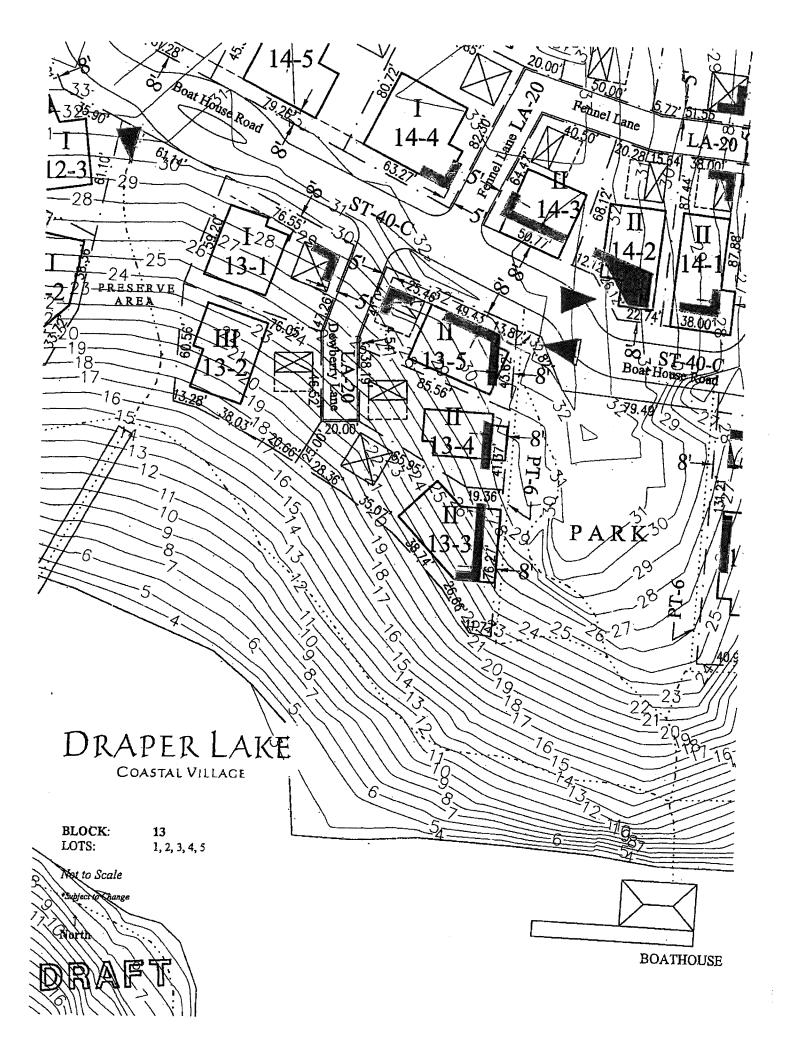
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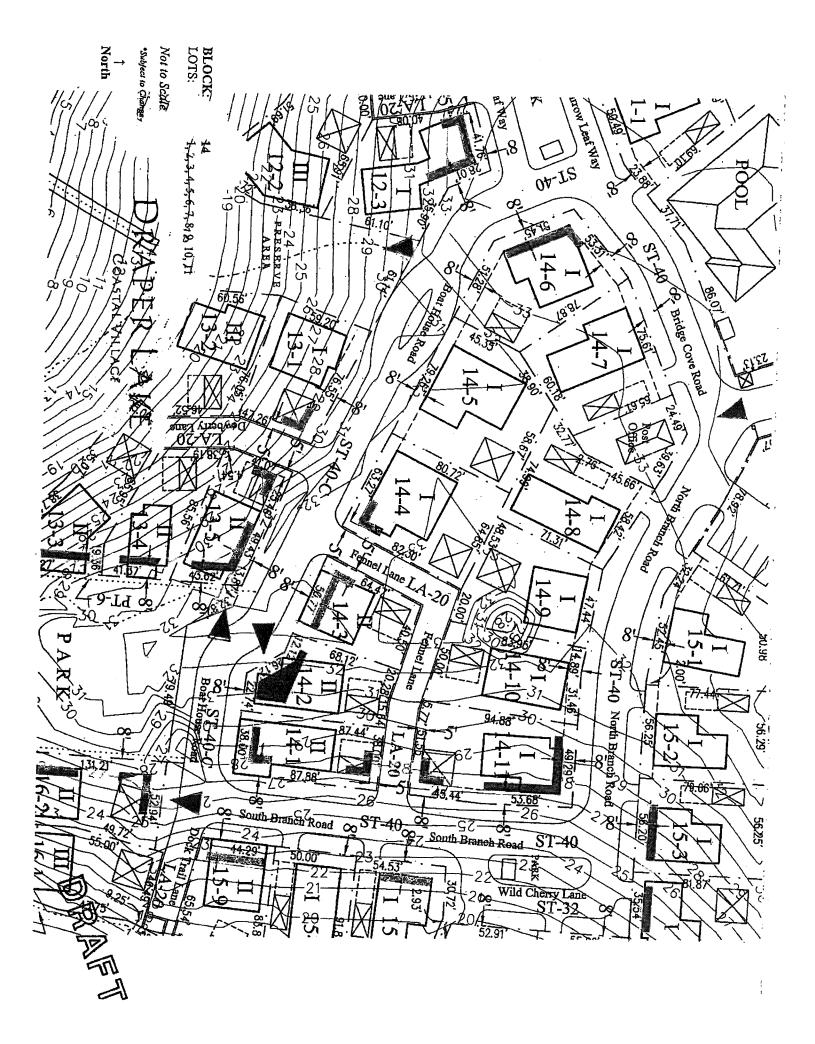
**EASTERN PENINSULA** 

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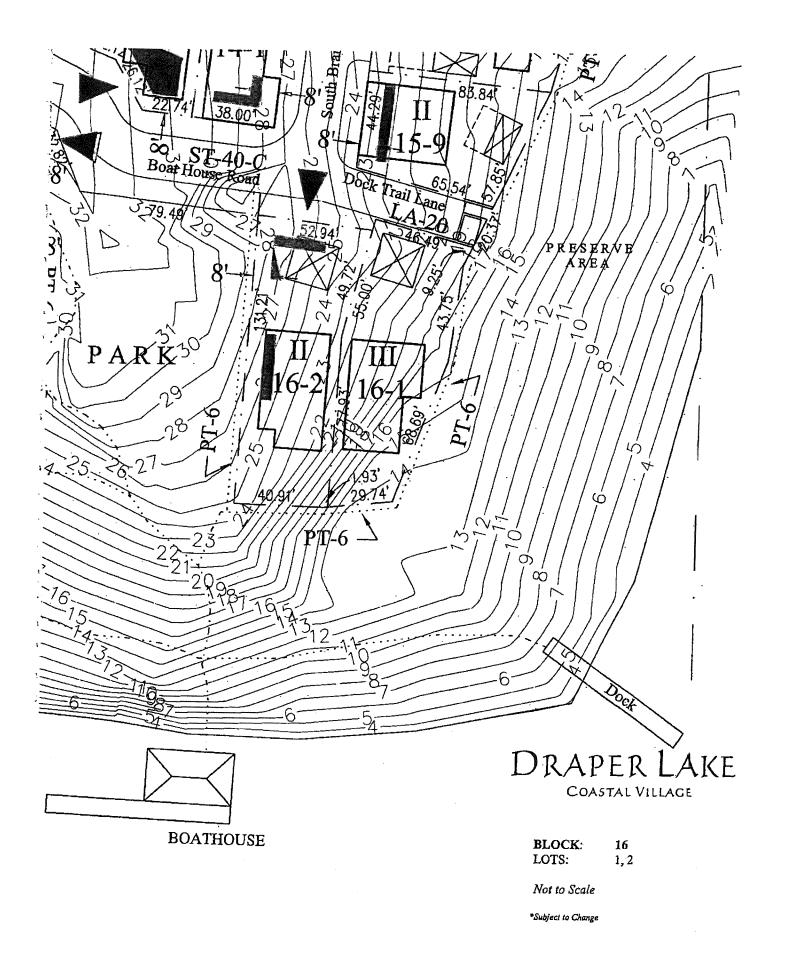








## DRAPER LAKE COASTAL VILLAGE BLOCK: 15 LOTS: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Not to Seale † North-30-z \*Subject to Change 50.98 56.29<sup>1</sup> $R_{o_{Q_Q'}}$ ॐ ST-40 North Branch Road 529, 49/29<sup>10</sup> 9.61 South Branch Road Fennel Lane <sup>38,60</sup>1 22 74 38.00 0 12-Ó 3 79.40 PRESERVE AREA



## **Architectural Regulations**

The Architectural Regulations define the building materials and configurations for the buildings, codifying the construction related information. These regulations for Draper Lake emphasize a style of architecture reminiscent of American forested mountain lakefront homes and lodges of the early 20<sup>th</sup> Century.

#### WALLS

#### **MATERIALS**

Building Walls shall be finished in wood clapboard, drop siding, feather-edge wood siding, board and batten, board on board, or cedar shingles. Rough Siding and stain are preferred. Cedar "shakes" are not permitted, except on roofs.

Foundation Walls, Piers and Pilings shall be parged block, smooth or tabby stucco, smooth-finished poured concrete, aged brick, rounded river rock/stone, or wood.

Retaining Walls shall be wood logs or planks, riverstone, tabby stucco, or aged brick. Square edged timbers may be used but stained dark. Rough cut timbers are preferred.

Any level of building partially below grade may be masonry. Masonry shall not occur above finished floor elevation, except on chimneys.

Undercrofts shall be skirted horizontal wood boards or framed wood and may be installed, with spaces between members not larger than 1.5" or smaller than 0.75". Lattice (horizontal and vertical only) may be installed between wood piers and pilings, and brick screens may be installed between concrete or brick piers and pilings. Areas under arches may be left open.

Garden walls and fences shall be constructed of wood, tabby stucco, or aged brick. Gates shall be wood. Garden walls shall only be permitted along a frontage line or rear lane, to protect trees and shrubs within the property. Wood fences rather than walls are encouraged where specimen trees and shrubs occur within the footing area.

#### **CONFIGURATIONS & TECHNIQUES**

Building Walls shall be built of no more than two materials and shall only change material along a horizontal line, i.e. cedar shingles may be combined with wood siding when the material change occurs horizontally (typically at a floor line) with the heavier material below the lighter. Wood clapboard and shingles shall be horizontal and machine cut.

Siding shall be horizontal, maximum 6" to the weather.

Shingles shall be maximum 8" to the weather. Decorative shingles shall be permitted.

Corner Boards shall be a maximum 6" to the weather.

Exposed Corner Joints are permitted and shall be mitered.

Stucco coating may be applied to concrete block or poured concrete. Stucco shall be smooth or tabby.

Stone veneer with rounded river rock is acceptable.

Foundation Walls for the primary building shall be exposed a minimum of 18" and a general maximum of 8' above grade.

Trim shall be minimum grade "B" trim lumber and shall not exceed 6" in width at corners and 4" in width around openings, except at the front door where it may be any size or configuration. Exceptions may be granted for shingle structures and for classical detailing.

Walls shall be minimum 8" thick and have a horizontal cap, rounded or beveled section. Decorative openings are encouraged. Walls shall step with grade and turn corners symmetrically. Adjacent walls shall meet with an expansion joint.

Colors of all materials shall be selected from a Master List. Rough siding shall be stained or painted a medium to dark color. Masonry and trim may be a light color, and may or may not be the same as the wall color. Wood shingles may be left to age naturally or shall be stained with transparent or semi-transparent stains.

### **ELEMENTS**

#### **MATERIALS**

Any level of building partially below grade may be masonry. Masonry shall not occur above finished floor elevation, except on chimneys.

Chimneys shall be finished with smooth or tabby stucco, rounded river rock, or aged brick. Flues for pot bell stoves shall be metal.

Piers and Arches shall be masonry or stone.

Porch and Stair Railings shall be made of wood while Porch Floors, Stair Treads, and Posts may be wood or masonry. Porches may be enclosed with glass and screen; however, glass enclosures are not permitted at frontages. Porch ceilings may be enclosed with painted wood, and exposed joists shall be painted or stained.

Stoops shall be made of wood, brick, stone, or concrete.

Decks shall be located only in rear yards and where not easily visible from streets or paths, elevated a maximum of 18" above grade and painted or stained (except walking surfaces which may be left natural).

Awnings shall have a metal structure covered with canvas, synthetic canvas, copper, brass, or galvalume.

Metal Elements shall be natural colored galvanized steel, anodized or electrostatically painted aluminum.

Stone or brick patios are permitted but will be counted as impervious surfaces. Wooden decks are encouraged.

#### **CONFIGURATIONS & TECHNIQUES**

Chimneys shall be a minimum 2:1 proportion in plan and capped to conceal spark arresters. Chimneys must be masonry; wooden boxes clad in siding or masonry are not permitted. Flues shall be no taller than required by the Building Code. Fireplace enclosures and chimneys shall extend to the ground.

Masonry piers shall be no less than 12" x12". Wood pilings shall be no less than 8" x 8".

Arcades, Breezeways, Porches, and Pavilions shall have openings proportioned appropriately to the style of the building. Horizontally proportioned openings shall have double columns or brackets or shallow arches.

Screened Porches shall have screens framed in wood installed behind framed railings.

Classical Columns and Arches shall be used sparingly and the Orders shall be Tuscan or Doric with correct proportions and profiles according to The American Vignola.

Posts shall be no less than 6" x 6".

Railings shall have top and bottom rails. Wood top rails shall be eased and bottom rails shall have a vertical section. Top and bottom rails shall be centered on the boards or pickets. The openings between the members shall be a minimum of 1" and maximum of 4".

Balconies shall be structurally supported by brackets or tapered beams.

Awnings shall be rectangular in shape with straight edges. Awnings may have side panels but shall not have a bottom soffit panel. Awnings shall not be backlit. Copper awnings are encouraged.

Wood Elements shall be painted or sealed with an opaque or semisolid stain, except walking surfaces which may be left natural. Windows and doors may be painted with semi-gloss finish. Shingles shall not be solid stained.

Exterior Lighting shall include the following: one 40 watt maximum incandescent light at each primary entrance and garage door, and one 25 watt maximum incandescent light at the boardwalk footpath and at gate openings, where applicable. All exterior bulbs shall be incandescent or of an equivalent spectrum (color temperature 3000K or lower). Exterior lighting fixtures may be down lights only and must be shielded to minimize light scatter to the sky and to adjacent properties. Strings or group of lights must be shielded and produce an aggregate of no more than 50 watts incandescent equivalent.

## **ROOFS**

#### **MATERIALS**

Roofs shall be clad in one of the following materials: slate, natural wood shingles (No. 1 clear cypress or No. 1 clear cedar shingles, machine cut), asphalt or composition shingles, solid natural-finish copper, or natural-finish galvanized steel or galvalume roofing. Cut sheets of all roof materials shall be submitted to the DDR with the CD review documents for final approval.

Gutters shall be used on all buildings and downspouts routed to depressions constructed beneath the main building, or to French drains under paved areas, unless their use is precluded by an alternate stormwater management plan from a licensed civil engineer submitted to, and approved by, the Director of Design Review.

Gutter and Downspouts shall be made of galvanized steel, copper (not copper coated), or anodized aluminum. Metal chains may be used in lieu of downspouts. Downspouts shall be placed at the corner of the building least visible from nearby streets. Splash blocks shall be made of concrete, brick, stone, or gravel, and shall empty into the lot for which the structure's roof exists. Runoff water shall be maintained on each lot respectively.

Flashing shall be copper, lead or anodized aluminum.

Copper roofs, flashing, gutters and downspouts shall be allowed to age naturally (not painted or sealed).

#### **CONFIGURATIONS & TECHNIQUES**

Principal Roofs on all freestanding buildings shall be gabled, symmetrical hip, gabled hip, hipped gable, flared hips, or gambrel. For all except gambrel roofs, slope shall be a maximum of 10:12 and a minimum of 6:12.

Ancillary Roofs (attached to walls or roofs) may be sheds sloped no less than 3:12.

Flat Roofs shall be permitted only when habitable and accessible from and interior room no less than 100 SF in size.

Eaves shall be continuous, unless overhanging a balcony or porch. A broken pitch roof (a roof which becomes shallower in slope at one-third the distance from the eave to the peak) is encouraged. Eaves on the main building shall have an overhang that is either shallow (10"-16") or deep (32"-40"). Eaves on outbuildings shall match the eaves of the main building if the latter are shallow, or shall be approximately half the size of the eaves of the main building if the deep.

Gutters shall be square or half-round. Downspouts shall be round. Where extending over adjacent property line(s), boardwalks, or paths, gutters are necessary, and shall empty into the lot of which the structure's roof exists. Runoff water shall be maintained on each lot respectively.

Dormers shall light habitable spaces, be placed flush with or a minimum of 3 feet from side building walls, and have shed roofs with a minimum slope of 3:12 or hipped roofs with a slope to match the principal structure. Eyebrow dormers are also encouraged. Dormers shall occupy no more than 2/3 of total roof area within any one sloped area.

Roof material colors shall be natural wood or dark earth tones for asphalt shingles with no variation.

Asphalt shingles shall be rectangular or diamond cut only. Random tab, textured and dimensional shingles shall not be allowed.

## **OPENINGS**

#### **MATERIALS**

Windows shall be made of the following materials:

Wood (painted) and glazed with clear glass.

Marvin Integrity fiberglass windows are an approved window product.

Aluminum clad windows and French doors are permitted from the following pre-approved Manufacturers (including but not limited to): Loewen, WeatherShield, Kolbe & Kolbe, Marvin, and Eagle. Other Manufacturers will be considered for approval by the Director of Design Review. Cladding must be 100% aluminum (no vinyl or other materials permitted as cladding components) with traditional frame, sash & muntin profiles. Colors, muntin patterns, and opening proportions shall comply with the Draper Lake Architectural Code.

Garage doors and primary entry doors shall be painted or stained wood unless otherwise permitted by the Director of Design Review.

Shutters shall be made of smooth cedar or other rot resistant wood.

Cantilevered Bay Windows shall be permitted, maximum 4 feet deep with bracket supports.

Window hoods shall be permitted.

### **CONFIGURATIONS & TECHNIQUES**

Windows shall be rectangular, vertically proportioned and operable. Transoms may be oriented horizontally with panes that match other opening configurations. Multiple windows in the same rough opening shall be separated by a 4" minimum post. The window sash shall be located interior to the centerline of the wall. Window sills in masonry construction shall project a minimum of 1 inch from the face of the building.

Window muntins are encouraged and shall be true divided light or fixed on the interior and exterior surfaces, and shall create panels of square or vertical proportion.

Storm Windows and Screens shall be integral with the window. Screens shall be made of brass, bronze, or black vinyl.

Doors shall be hinged. Doors, except garage doors, shall be constructed of planks and glass panels or raised panels (not flush with applied trim) which express the construction technique. Paired main entry doors shall be a minimum of 4 feet finished opening. Dutch doors are encouraged.

Garage Doors shall be a maximum of 9 feet in width. Garage doors facing an alley shall have a cantilevered light fixture centered above the door with an incandescent bulb activated by a photocell (Override switches shall not be permitted.) Garage doors shall be painted or stained. Overhead garage doors will be allowed but shall be clad with planks to resemble swinging doors.

Shutters shall be operable, sized and shaped to match the openings. Plank shutters are encouraged.

Crawl spaces shall have openings with vertical metal bars. Wire mesh behind the bars is required. For buildings with a masonry ground floor, undercroft openings for drainage and ventilation shall be a maximum of 1 foot tall and 3 feet wide.

Stucco Trim articulations shall be subject to approval by the Director of Design Review.

## **MISCELLANEOUS**

The use of offsite/factory built modular units comprising either all, or a substantial part, of a residence is not permitted. Certain limited factory built framing components may be considered on a case-by-case basis by the Town Architect and approved per a project-specific exception.

Variances to the Architectural Regulations may be granted on the basis of architectural merit.

Building walls shall be one or two colors per material used, lighter at the base and darker at the second floor. Colors of stucco shall be integral color in the white to bone range, subject to approval from the Director of Design Review. Paints for masonry applications shall have a flat finish. All exterior Wood Siding shall be stained, preferably on both sides. Marine oil may be used as a substitute for staining. Wood shingles may be left to age naturally. Trim (balcony and porch posts, rails, window trim, rafter tails, etc.) shall match the value of, be darker than, or be lighter than the main wood cladding. Corner boards on the body of the building shall be the same color as the wall color. An Accent Color, for items such as the front door, pickets, trim, and shutters. may be used subject to approval from the Director of Design Review. Walls and Fences shall be in the range of colors approved for their respective materials. Other colors may be added to the Stain List after consultation with the Director of Design Review. Please refer to our current listing for pre-approved colors.

Nails and Screws, if exposed to the elements, shall be stainless steel 316 fasteners. Decks shall be fastened with screws.

Garage Aprons shall be of square or rectangular pervious concrete pavers, brick, tar and chip, D.O.T. base, crushed shell or gravel. Gravel and other pervious materials are encouraged.

The following shall be subject to approval from the Director of Design Review: Brick, mortar colors, awning colors and patterns, fence designs, exterior light fixtures, shingles, arbors, trellises, ancillary structures, landscape, planters, sculptures, fountains, exterior furniture, spas and all pool elements.

The following shall be permitted only in rear yards and where not easily visible from streets or paths:

HVAC equipment ("silent" models preferred), swimming pool equipment, utility meters, satellite dishes, permanent grills, permanent play equipment and hot tubs (those at ground level must be covered). Swimming pool pumps and any other equipment producing excessive noise must be provided with noise reducing covers.

In-Ground Swimming Pools will be permitted but will be considered a hard surface to be included in the total allowable footprint. Pools shall be designed by the house or landscape architect and shall be subject to approval of the Director of Design Review. Maximum area for swimming pools shall be 900 square feet. Wooden pool decks are strongly encouraged. Above ground pools, Jacuzzis, and spas shall not be permitted.

The following shall not be permitted: Panelized wall materials, sand textured stucco keystones, quoins, precast moldings or wall perforations, stucco-covered foam moldings, hollow or fiberglass wallcaps, stained glass, curved windows, window air-conditioning units, exterior neon or fluorescent lights, exterior flood lights or spotlights, or landscape uplighting (lighting intended to illuminate structures, plantings or trees), above-ground pools (except those of an inflatable variety), antennas, concrete parking pads and walkways, outdoor speaker, plastic or vinyl fencing, flags and flagpoles (except official flags of countries, states, counties and cities flown from 6' poles mounted at a 45 degree angle to building walls), signs (on private property), direct vent fireplaces. prefabricated fireplaces, scroll work, external alarm systems, painted metal roofing, water-jetted pilings, railroad ties, composite decking, lawns, colors duplicating those of adjacent properties, segmental concrete retaining walls, solid stained shingles, fire pits (or other spark-producing fire containment devices), aluminum, vinyl, or o.g. bullnose gutters, glass block, metal roofs (except copper), metal hurricane or pull down shutters, above ground Jacuzzi or spa, non-native plants (in ground - permitted in pots or planters only), simulated shingle-board siding, aluminum railings, recycled plastic decking or composite decking."

Natural Conditions and Stormwater Management: Existing natural conditions of each lot shall be disturbed the minimum possible. Existing trees, shrubs and groundcovers may be removed for the building footprint and parking area only.

Existing grade shall be maintained throughout. Cutting and filling shall be minimized; retaining walls shall be used to minimize effect of cutting and filling.

Each lot shall retain all storm water runoff from roofs and paved areas, including any street and alley runoff contiguous to the lot that is not otherwise captured.

Main buildings shall be elevated using wood or masonry pile foundations, or masonry stem walls and spread footers. The lowest portion of the buildings shall be a minimum of six inches above the lowest adjacent existing grade, and finish floor elevations shall be a minimum of eighteen inches above existing street grade, or the first floor elevation shown on civil engineering plans, whichever is greater. Outbuildings shall be constructed with a finish floor elevation a minimum of six inches above existing grade. Raised concrete slabs shall not be permitted except for garages.

Depressions shall be constructed beneath each main building. These Depressions shall be constructed as depicted in the Stormwater Management Plan. Gutters shall be used on all buildings and downspouts routed to the depressions under the main building, or to french drains under paved areas. Paved areas shall retain all runoff with french drains, appropriate slopes and retaining walls. Swales must be used if they do not require tree removal.

Below-grade Conditioned Living Space constructed fully or partly-below existing grade level shall be permitted only if the following conditions are met:

- A stormwater management plan from a licensed civil engineer showing, compliance with all stormwater and drainage regulations in Draper Lake is submitted to and approved by the Director of Design Review as part of the Final Review Documents.
- 2. Total area of the below-grade portion does not exceed 750 square feet.

Tree surveys and/or comprehensive as-built surveys must be ordered by or produced by the house architect prior to any commencement of design work to recognize and identify all specimen trees or important vegetative save areas to allow each sites' unique vegetative character to inform the architects'/designers' work.

All scrub shrubs and trees damaged or removed through grading or building shall be repaired or replaced.

Sites shall follow the drainage measures listed above, or may submit an alternative drainage plan certified by a civil engineer as fulfilling its stormwater management requirements.

## Fire Sprinkler System

All new construction in Draper Lake is required to be equipped with a fire sprinkler system. The following shall apply:

- Fire sprinklers are required for all new construction in Draper Lake, including homes, carriage houses, and enclosed garages. Open structures such as carports, pavilions, pergolas, summer kitchens, etc. are not required to be sprinklered. Substantial additions, including full room additions and portions of alterations which are required by Walton County to be brought into compliance with the current Building Code must also be sprinklered.
- For single family homes and carriage houses, a domestic-type fire sprinkler system complying with NFPA 13-D is acceptable. For multi-family, mixed-use and commercial construction, an appropriate NFPA 13 or NFPA 13-R system is required.
- Documentation that an appropriate fire sprinkler system will be installed must be submitted prior to construction start. This documentation can take the form of either an engineered fire sprinkler plan or a copy of the sprinkler installation contract.

Recent changes in construction codes have required that backflow preventers for fire sprinkler systems, including NFPA 13-D systems, be installed above grade. Location and plans for appropriate screening of abovegrade backflow preventers must be submitted for approval with the Construction Documents. For construction that has been previously approved, please consult the Director of Design Review's office regarding location and screening of backflow preventers before installation.

## **Urban Regulations**

The Urban Regulations define the physical and functional relationships between building, with rules related to building placement, elements, uses, height, and parking.

The Urban Regulations are organized by building types. Each lot delineated on the Regulating Plan has an associated building type. The rules for each lot are determined by the associated type. Rules shall not be inter-mixed between types, unless repeated in the text of this document.

# DRAPER LAKE

Type I: STREET HOUSE

# STREET HOUSE URBAN REGULATIONS TYPE I – STREET HOUSE

#### NOTES

- 1. These provisions may be superceded by specific notations on the Regulating Plan that may include mandatory build-to-lines, terminated vista locations, and parking reserve areas.
- 2. The term "Frontage" refers to the length of the property line or building that fronts public rights-of-way or public open space. "Frontage Lines: are synonymous with those property lines fronting public rights-of-way or public open space. "Build-to-line" refers to the line along which the front wall of the building shall be built.
- 3. A corner condition exists whenever a road or public open space intersects with another road or public open space. A Path is considered a road for the purposes of these Regulations. The "Principal Frontage" is that side of the lot which faces the street or the open space path. At corner lots, both Frontage Lines shall be designated the "Principal Frontage".
- 4. In the case of build-to-lines resulting in non-orthogonal geometries, a right angle building footprint may be allowed subject to the approval of the Director of Design Review.

#### **PLACEMENT & COMPLETION**

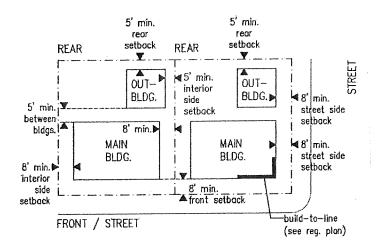
- 1. Buildings shall be placed on the lot relative to the Property Lines as shown, unless specified otherwise on the Regulating Plan. Street House lot frontage lines generally face the major streets.
- 2. Parking and outbuildings, including garages and carriage houses, parking pads and carports shall be placed as indicated in the Regulating Plan. Outbuildings may not exceed five hundred (500) square feet in footprint. Open-air, pavilion style outbuildings are encouraged. All outbuildings shall meet the following requirements, in addition to all requirements for Outbuildings given in the code:
  - a. 21' maximum 2<sup>nd</sup> story wall plate height, measured from the 1<sup>st</sup> story floor or garage slab
  - b. 30' maximum roof ridge height, measured from the 1st story floor or garage slab
  - c. Materials, details, and colors shall coordinate with the principal building, as determined by the Town Architect.
- 3. For the lots listed below, a waiver may be granted by the Town Architect to allow a garage to be attached to the main house with the following stipulations:
  - a. Only a single dwelling may be constructed on the lot.
  - b. Parking must be maximized and placed as shown on the regulating plan.
  - c. The height of the attached garage/carriage house, including the five foot setback area that would otherwise be required between buildings may not exceed 30 feet from the first floor elevation to the peak of the roof.

d. It is demonstrated to the Town Architect that the proposed construction will not unduly obstruct views of Draper Lake or of the Gulf of Mexico from other properties in the Draper Lake Coastal Village.

On the Western Peninsula – Lots 1-1, 4-5, 4-6, 4-11, 5-1

On the Eastern Peninsula – Lots 11-1, 11-2, 14-9, 14-10, 15-1, 15-2, 15-3

- 4. Minimum front setbacks shall be as shown except for those locations in the Regulating Plan which show a build-to-line.
- 5. Facades at corner street front lots shall hold clear a view triangle taken twelve (12) feet from the intersection of the frontage lines.
- 6. Impervious lot coverage per the original platted lot shall be a maximum of 2,500 square feet, including the lot coverage for the primary residence and an outbuilding which shall not exceed 500 square feet. Permanent total lot disturbance including buildings and pervious surfaces such as arcades, open porches, patios, decks, pools, and driveway paving shall not exceed 3,300 square feet. Any lot disturbance over 3,300 must be restored in accordance with the submitted landscape plan prior to final Town Architect approval.
- 7. Each original platted lot shall be permitted one principal building and one outbuilding. Lots aggregated as compounds may have multiple principal buildings corresponding to the original number of lots and maintaining setbacks as show. Compound lots shall have one principal building with maximum lot coverage of 2,500 square feet, all other buildings shall be maximum 2,000 square feet per originally platted lot.

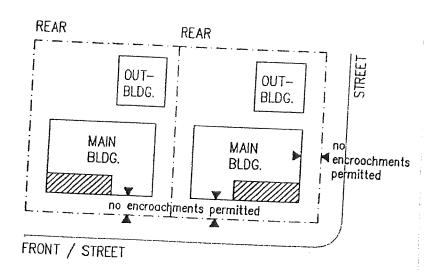


Outbuildings may not be constructed alone. When construction of a Home has commenced, the work must be pursued diligently and continuously and must be completed (meaning a Certificate of Occupancy and final Town Architect approval issued) within a period of twenty-four (24) months from the issuance of the Walton County building permit. There is no requirement to build a carriage house along with the main house. However, if a carriage house or accessory structure is built after the completion of the main house, the two year build out time applies.

If the Town Architect approves a subordinate structure to be built on a lot along with the main structure (i.e. Carriage House or accessory structure), construction of all permitted structures must be pursued continuously and completed within the twenty-four month time period. Any requests for time extensions must be made in writing to the Town Architect. Such requests shall indicate the current status of the project, the reasons for the time extension request and the new date for completion of the project. A project not completed within the stipulated time period, or a project upon which construction is not continuous, shall be considered a nuisance and a violation of these restrictions and subject to appropriate action by the Association.

#### **ELEMENTS**

- 1. Each building requires a porch or a balcony built along a minimum of sixty (60) percent of the length of the front façade of the building.
- 2. Balconies on facades shall have a minimum depth of 2 feet and a maximum of 4 feet. Porches on building facades shall be a minimum of 8 feet in depth.
- 3. An outbuilding may connect to the principal building by a walkway, trellis or roofed open air walkway.
- 4. Fenced or hedged areas shall be limited to 200 square feet and shall not block public view corridors or neighbors' view.



#### **USES**

**Residential:** The number of dwellings is restricted to one per originally platted lot, and by the requirement of two assigned parking spaces per originally platted lot. Each lot may have a grouping of smaller attached or detached buildings.

Office: If permitted by zoning and other applicable governmental restrictions and requirements, not more than one room in a Dwelling may be used as a home office in connection with the operation of a business, however, no employees of such business (other than family members) may work in a Dwelling and no clients or customers shall be seen or allowed in any Dwelling in connection with such business.

Retail: Retail use is forbidden.

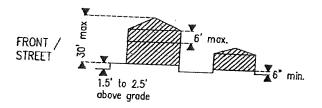
**Manufacturing:** Manufacturing uses are forbidden. Production of arts and crafts associated with home businesses are allowed, provided no noise is generated from production and there is no more than one employee whose does not dwell in the principal or ancillary building.

Civic: Civic uses are conditional by approval of the Director of Design Review.

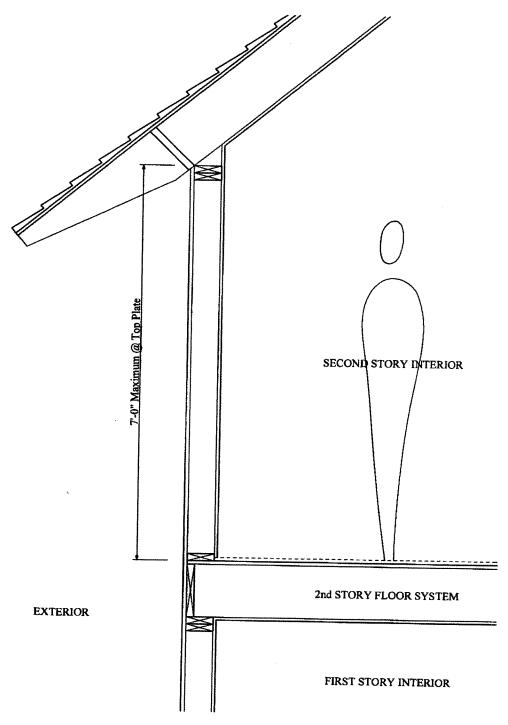
Note: Required parking area shall not be converted to other uses.

#### **HEIGHT**

- 1. The maximum overall building height shall not exceed thirty (30) ft., measured from the first floor elevation at the front façade to the roof ridge. The maximum second story top plate height in Main Buildings and Garages shall be 7'0" above second floor level as shown in the attached diagram. Garages shall comply with these same height requirements.
- 2. The height of the first floor shall be a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet and a maximum two and a half (2.5) feet above the average existing grade along the front edge of the building.
- 3. Decks and porches may "step" up or down to respond to the lot's specific topography.
- 4. Fences and hedges, if implemented a build-to-lines shall be between +2.5 feet and +3.5 feet in height.
- 5. Fences and garden walls along and behind the front façade line shall be 5.0 ft. maximum height.



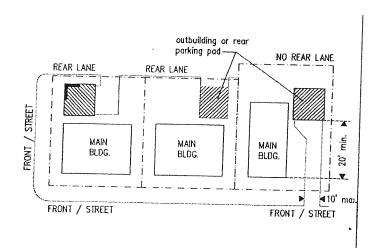
On House Types I and III The maximum second story top plate height in Main Buildings and Garages shall be 7'0" above second floor level as shown in the attached diagram.



DRAPER LAKE REVISED PLATE HEIGHT DIAGRAM
House Types I and III SCALE: 3/4"= 1'-0" 07.10.09

#### **PARKING**

- 1. For each originally platted lot, at least two parking spaces shall be provided within the area shown. Parking areas shall be flexible to save specimen trees. A garage or outbuilding is optional unless required by the Regulating Plan. One (1) car garages are encouraged; carports are encouraged in place of outbuildings.
- 2. Parking shall be accessed only from a lane when provided. Parking shall be accessed from the front or side only when a rear lane is not provided as shown on the diagram. The parking pad, carport or garage accessed from the front shall be set back a minimum of twenty (20) feet from the principal plane of the front façade.
- 3. Lots utilizing driveways from streets (not from rear lanes) shall limit the width of the driveway to ten (10) feet from the frontage line to the front most plane of the building façade. Tandem configurations of driveways and parking pads shall be encouraged.
- 4. Where the parking pad, carport or garage coincides with a build-to-line, such as at the intersection of a lane with a street, the parking entrance shall be concealed from the street.



# DRAPER LAKE

Type II:

PARK HOUSE

## PARK HOUSE URBAN REGULATIONS TYPE II – PARK HOUSE NOTES

- 1. These provisions may be superceded by specific notations on the Regulating Plan that may include mandatory build-to-lines, terminated vista locations, and parking reserve areas.
- 2. The term "Frontage" refers to the length of the property line or building that fronts public rights-of-way or public open space. "Frontage Lines" are synonymous with those property lines fronting public rights-of-way or public open space. "Build-to-line" refers to the line along which the front wall of the building shall be built.
- 3. A corner condition exists whenever a road or public open space intersects with another road or public open space. A Path is considered a road for the purposes of these Regulations. The "Principal Frontage" is that side of the lot which faces the street or the open space path. At corner lots, both frontage lines shall be designated the "Principal Frontage".
- 4. In the case of build-to-lines resulting in non-orthogonal geometries, a right angle building footprint may be allowed subject to the approval of the Director of Design Review.

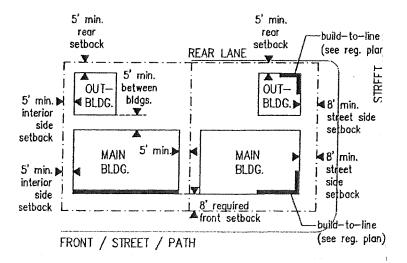
## **PLACEMENT & COMPLETION**

- 1. Buildings shall be placed on the lot relative to the Property Lines as shown, unless specified otherwise on the Regulating Plan. Building frontages shall be located as marked on the Regulating Plan with a build-to-line. Park House lots frontage lines generally face one of the two parks.
- 2. Parking and outbuildings, including garages and carriage houses, parking pads and carports shall be placed as indicated in the Regulating Plan. Outbuildings may not exceed five hundred (500) square feet in footprint. Open-air, pavilion style outbuildings are encouraged. All outbuildings shall meet the following requirements, in addition to all requirements for Outbuildings given in the code:
  - a. 21' maximum  $2^{nd}$  story wall plate height (main roof bearing), measured from the  $1^{st}$  story floor or garage slab
  - b. 30' maximum roof ridge height, measured from the 1st story floor or garage slab.
  - c. Materials, details, and colors shall coordinate with the principal building, as determined by the Town Architect.
- 3. For the lots listed below, a waiver may be granted by the Town Architect to allow a garage to be attached to the main house with the following stipulations:
  - a. Only a single dwelling may be constructed on the lot.
  - b. Parking must be maximized and placed as shown on the regulating plan.

- c. The height of the attached garage/carriage house, including the five foot setback area that would otherwise be required between buildings may not exceed 30 feet from the first floor elevation to the peak of the roof.
- d. It is demonstrated to the Town Architect that the proposed construction will not unduly obstruct views of Draper Lake or of the Gulf of Mexico from other properties in the Draper Lake Coastal Village.

On the Western Peninsula – Lots 4-7, 4-8, 4-9, 4-10

- 4. Facades shall extend a minimum of Fifty (50) percent of the length of the build-to-line, including aggregated lots. A wall or fence related in material to the façade shall extend from the façade to the property line.
- 5. Facades at street front corner lots shall hold clear a view triangle taken twelve (12) feet from the intersection of the frontage lines.
- 6. Impervious lot coverage per the original plotted lot shall be a maximum of 2,500 square feet, including the lot coverage for the primary residence and an outbuilding which shall not exceed 500 square feet. Permanent total lot disturbance including buildings and pervious surfaces such as arcades, open porches, patios, decks, pools, and driveway paving shall not exceed 3,300 square feet. Any lot disturbance over 3,300 must be restored in accordance with the submitted landscape plan prior to final Town Architect approval.
- 7. Each original platted lot shall be permitted one principal building and one outbuilding. Lots aggregated as compounds may have multiple principal buildings corresponding to the original number of lots and maintaining setbacks as shown. Compound lots shall have one principal building with maximum lot coverage of 2500 square feet; all other buildings shall be maximum 2,000 square feet per originally platted lot.

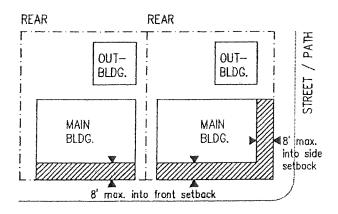


Outbuildings may not be constructed alone. When construction of a Home has commenced, the work must be pursued diligently and continuously and must be completed (meaning a Certificate of Occupancy and final Town Architect approval issued) within a period of twenty-four (24) months from the issuance of the Walton County building permit. There is no requirement to build a carriage house along with the main house. However, if a carriage house or accessory structure is built after the completion of the main house, the two year build out time applies.

If the Town Architect approves a subordinate structure to be built on a lot along with the main structure (i.e. Carriage House or accessory structure), construction of all permitted structures must be pursued continuously and completed within the twenty-four month time period. Any requests for time extensions must be made in writing to the Town Architect. Such requests shall indicate the current status of the project, the reasons for the time extension request and the new date for completion of the project. A project not completed within the stipulated time period, or a project upon which construction is not continuous, shall be considered a nuisance and a violation of these restrictions and subject to appropriate action by the Association.

#### **ELEMENTS**

- 1. Each building requires a porch or a balcony built along a minimum of sixty (60) percent of the length of the front façade of the building.
- 2. Porches, chimneys, or cantilevered elements may encroach up to eight (8) feet into the setbacks; however, this is limited to a maximum of two of the building facades, and shall not result in a zero foot interior setback.
- 3. Balconies on facades shall have a minimum depth of two (2) feet and a maximum depth of four (4) feet. Porches on building facades shall be a minimum of eight (8) feet in depth.
- 4. An outbuilding may connect to the principal building by a walkway, trellis or roofed open air walkway.



FRONT / STREET / PATH

#### **USES**

**Residential** - The number of dwellings is restricted to one per originally platted lot, and by the requirement of two assigned parking spaces per originally platted lot. Each lot may have a grouping of smaller attached or detached buildings.

**Office** - If permitted by zoning and other applicable governmental restrictions and requirements, not more than one room in a Dwelling may be used as a home office in connection with the operation of a business, however, no employees of such business (other than family members) may work in a Dwelling and no clients or customers shall be seen or allowed in any Dwelling in connection with such business.

Retail - Retail used is forbidden.

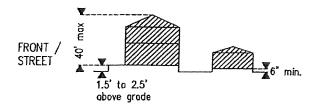
**Manufacturing** - Manufacturing uses are forbidden. Production of arts and crafts associated with home businesses are allowed, provided no noise is generated from production and there is no more than one employee who does not dwell in the principal or ancillary building.

Civic - Civic uses are conditional by approval of the Director of Design Review.

**Note -** Required parking area shall not be converted to other uses.

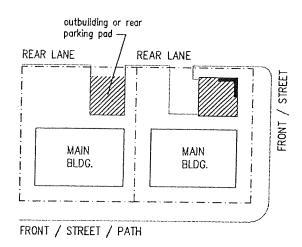
#### **HEIGHT**

- 1. The maximum overall building height shall not exceed forty (40) feet, measured from the first floor elevation at the front façade to the roof ridge. Garages shall not exceed thirty (30) feet, measured from the first floor elevation at the front façade to the roof ridge. The upper story shall not exceed six (6) feet in height above the second floor elevation.
- 2. The height of the first floor shall be a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet and a maximum of two and a half (2.5) feet above the average existing grade along the front edge of the building.
- 3. Decks and porches may "step" up or down to respond to the lot's specific topography.
- 4. Fences and hedges, if implemented at build-to-lines shall be between two and a half (2.5) feet and four and a half (4.5) feet in height.
- 5. Fences and garden walls along and behind the front façade line shall be five (5) feet maximum height.



#### **PARKING**

- 1. For each originally platted lot, at least two parking spaces shall be provided within the area shown. Parking areas shall be flexible to save specimen trees. A garage or outbuilding is optional unless required by the Regulating Plan. One (1) car garages are encouraged; carports are encouraged in place of outbuildings.
- 2. Parking shall be accessed only from a lane when provided. Parking shall be accessed from the front or side only when a rear lane is not provided as shown on the diagram. The parking pad, carport or garage accessed from the front shall be set back a minimum of twenty (20) feet from the principal plane of the front façade.
- 3. Lots utilizing driveways from streets (not from rear lanes) shall limit the width of the driveway to ten (10) feet from the frontage line to the front most plane of the building façade. Tandem configurations of driveways and parking pads shall be encouraged.
- 4. Where the parking pad, carport or garage coincides with a build-to-line, such as at the intersection of a lane with a street, the parking entrance shall be concealed from the street.



# DRAPER LAKE

Type III: LAKE HOUSE

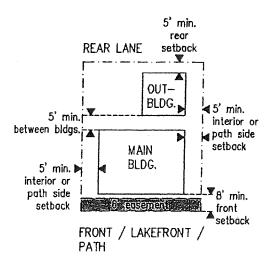
## LAKE HOUSE URBAN REGULATIONS TYPE III – LAKE HOUSE NOTES

- 1. These provisions may be superseded by specific notations on the Regulating Plan that may include mandatory build-to-lines, terminated vista locations, and parking reserve areas.
- 2. The term "Frontage" refers to the length of the property line or building that fronts public rights-of-way or public open space. "Frontage Lines" are synonymous with those property lines fronting public rights-of-way or public open space. "Build-to-line" refers to the line along which the front wall of the building shall be built.
- 3. A corner condition exists whenever a road or public open space intersects with another road or public open space. A Path is considered a road for the purposes of these Regulations. The "Principal Frontage" is that side of the lot which faces the street or the open space path. At corner lots both frontage lines shall be designated the "Principal Frontage."
- 4. In the case of build-to-lines resulting in non-orthogonal geometries, a right angle building footprint may be allowed subject to the approval of the Director of Design Review.

#### **PLACEMENT & COMPLETION**

- 1 Buildings shall be placed on the lot relative to the Property Lines as shown, unless specified otherwise on the Regulating Plan. Lake house lots frontage lines generally face the lake fronts, the lake front greens or the open space paths.
- 1. Parking and outbuildings, including garages and carriage houses, parking pads and carports shall be placed as indicated in the Regulating Plan. Outbuildings may not exceed five hundred (500) square feet in footprint. Open-air, pavilion style outbuildings are encouraged. All outbuildings shall meet the following requirements, in addition to all requirements for Outbuildings given in the code:
  - a. 21' maximum 2<sup>nd</sup> story wall plate height (Main roof bearing), measured from the 1<sup>st</sup> story floor or garage slab
  - b. 30' maximum roof ridge height, measured from the 1st story floor or garage slab
  - c. Materials, details, and colors shall coordinate with the principal building, as determined by the Town Architect.
- 2. Minimum front setback shall be as shown except for those locations in the Regulating Plan which show a build-to-line.
- 3. Facades at street front corner lots shall hold clear a view triangle taken twelve (12) feet from the intersection of the frontage lines.
- 4. Impervious lot coverage per the original plotted lot shall be a maximum of 2,500 square feet, including the lot coverage for the primary residence and an outbuilding which shall not exceed 500 square feet. Permanent total lot disturbance including buildings and pervious surfaces such as arcades, open porches, patios, decks, pools, and driveway

- paving shall not exceed 3,300 square feet. Any lot disturbance over 3,300 must be restored in accordance with the submitted landscape plan prior to final Town Architect approval.
- 5. Each originally platted lot shall be permitted one principal building and one outbuilding. Lots aggregated as compounds may have multiple principal buildings corresponding to the original number of lots and maintaining setbacks as shown. Compound lots shall have one principal building with maximum lot coverage of 2,500 square feet; all other buildings shall be a maximum of 2,000 square feet per originally platted lot.
- 6. A six (6) foot easement for a shared/public boardwalk shall be required of lots as specified on the Regulating Plan.

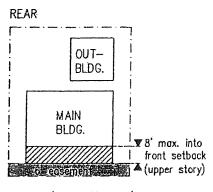


Outbuildings may not be constructed alone. When construction of a Home has commenced, the work must be pursued diligently and continuously and must be completed (meaning a Certificate of Occupancy and final Town Architect approval issued) within a period of twenty-four (24) months from the issuance of the Walton County building permit. There is no requirement to build a carriage house along with the main house. However, if a carriage house or accessory structure is built after the completion of the main house, the two year build out time applies.

If the Town Architect approves a subordinate structure to be built on a lot along with the main structure (i.e. Carriage House or accessory structure), construction of all permitted structures must be pursued continuously and completed within the twenty-four month time period. Any requests for time extensions must be made in writing to the Town Architect. Such requests shall indicate the current status of the project, the reasons for the time extension request and the new date for completion of the project. A project not completed within the stipulated time period, or a project upon which construction is not continuous, shall be considered a nuisance and a violation of these restrictions and subject to appropriate action by the Association. Minimum front setback shall be as shown except for those locations in the Regulating Plan which show a build-to-line.

#### **ELEMENTS**

- 1. Each Building requires at least a porch or a balcony built along a minimum of fifty (50) percent of the length of the front facade of the building.
- 2. An upper story may encroach up to eight (8) feet into the setbacks; however, this is limited to a maximum of two of the building facades, and shall not result in a zero foot interior setback.
- 3. Balconies on facades shall have a minimum depth of two (2) feet and a maximum depth of four (4) feet. Porches on building facades shall be a minimum of 8 feet in depth.
- 4. An outbuilding may connect to the principal building by a walkway, trellis or roofed open air walkway.



FRONT / LAKEFRONT / PATH

#### **USES**

**Residential:** The number of dwellings is restricted to one per originally platted lot, and by the requirement of two assigned parking spaces per originally platted lot. Each lot may have a grouping of smaller attached or detached buildings.

**Office:** If permitted by zoning and other applicable governmental restrictions and requirements, not more than one room in a Dwelling may be used as a home office in connection with the operation of a business, however, no employees of such business (other than family members) may work in a Dwelling and no clients or customers shall be seen or allowed in any Dwelling in connection with such business.

Retail: Retail use is forbidden.

**Manufacturing:** Manufacturing uses are forbidden. Production of arts and crafts associated with home businesses are allowed, provided no noise is generated from production and there is no more than one employee who does not dwell in the principal or ancillary building.

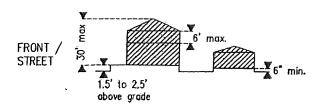
Civic: Civic uses are conditional by approval of the Director of Design Review.

**Note:** Required parking area shall not be converted to other uses.

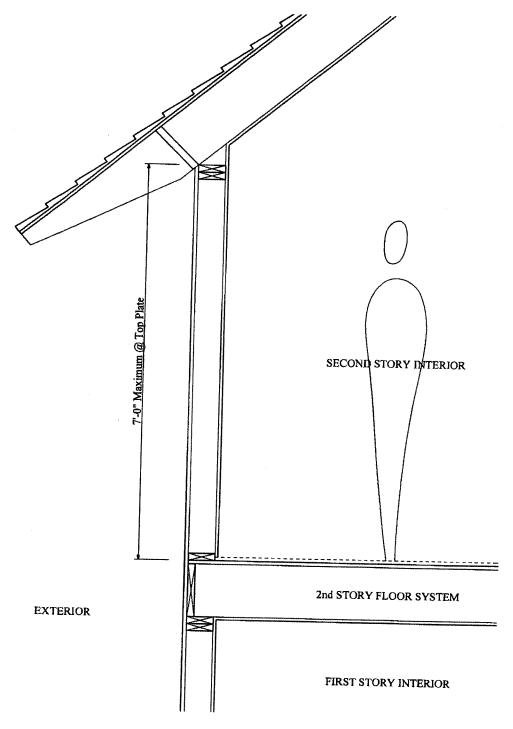
#### HEIGHT

- 1. The maximum overall building height shall not exceed thirty (30) feet, measured from the first floor elevation at the front façade to the roof ridge. The maximum second story top plate height in Main Buildings and Garages shall be 7'0" above second floor level as shown in the attached diagram. Garages shall comply with these same height requirements. Garages may have a roof deck.
- 2. The height of the first floor shall be a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet and a maximum of two and a half (2.5) feet above the average existing grade along the front edge of the building.
- 3. Decks and porches may "step" up or down to respond to the lots specific topography.
- 4. Fences and hedges, if implemented at build-to-lines lines shall be between +2.5 feet and +3.5 feet in height.
- 5. Fences and garden walls along and behind the front façade line shall be five (5) feet maximum height.

The maximum second story top plate height in Main Buildings and Garages shall be 7'0" above second floor level as shown in the attached diagram.



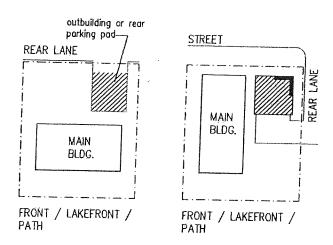
On House Types I and III The maximum second story top plate height in Main Buildings and Garages shall be 7'0" above second floor level as shown in the attached diagram.



DRAPER LAKE REVISED PLATE HEIGHT DIAGRAM
House Types I and III SCALE: 3/4"= 1'-0" 07.10.09

#### **PARKING**

- 1. For each originally platted lot at least two (2) parking spaces shall be provided within the area shown. Parking areas shall be flexible to save specimen trees. A garage or outbuilding is optional unless required by the Regulating Plan. One (1) car garages are encouraged; carports are encouraged in place of outbuildings.
- 2. Parking shall be accessed only from a lane when provided. Parking shall be accessed from the front or side only when a rear lane is not provided as shown on the diagram. The parking pad, carport or garage accessed from the front shall be set back a minimum of twenty (20) feet from the principal plane of the front façade.
- 3. Lots utilizing driveways from streets (not from rear lanes) shall limit the width of the driveway to ten (10) feet from the frontage line to the front most plane of the building façade. Tandem configuration of driveways and parking pads shall be encouraged.
- 4. Where the parking pad, carport, or garage coincides with a build-to-line, such as the intersection of a lane with a street, the parking entrance shall be concealed from the street.



## LANDSCAPE REGULATIONS

## DRAPER LAKE LANDSCAPE MISSION STATEMENT

Draper Lake is a unique land development that dedicates itself to the preservation and promotion of the natural and native landscape and to the wildlife that is connected to it. Its location on one of Scenic Route 30-A's rare coastal dune lakes puts it into a special category of preservation. By accentuating this fragile natural environment, the future village inhabitants will inherit and retain a landscape that is ordinarily lost to today's existing poor land development decisions which systematically allow native species to be removed entirely from the land, only to be replaced with exotic species. Draper Lake will not permit the introduction of exotic, nursery-promoted, non-native plants that are unaccustomed to surviving in this landscape without continual human intervention.

## 1. PROMOTION OF THE NATIVE LANDSCAPE:

- a. Allows sympathetic plantings that accentuate rather than overshadow the natural landscape
- b. Excludes overused, nursery-promoted "introduced or exotic" plant species
- c. All efforts are made to save and protect native scrub during construction
- d. Replant / Replace damaged scrub areas with similar native plants
- e. Allow plantings to enhance seasonal diversity (includes leaf change, fruiting, flowering)

## 2. PROMOTION OF A SUSTAINABLE LANDSCAPE:

- a. Requires low maintenance (less fertilization, pruning, spraying, and mowing required)
- b. Requires limited / no long-term irrigation or excess water (Xeriscape design)
- c. Attracts wildlife (berries, fruit, shade, nesting areas)
- d. Includes non-invasive plants / Promotes native plant varieties

## 3. PROMOTION OF A LOW-COST / LOW MAINTAINENCE LANDSCAPE:

- a) Maintenance costs are reduced (lessened required trimming, edging, weeding and watering)
- b) Lowered irrigation requirements / Lower water bills
- c) Lowered landscaping costs at project end (when native scrub is carefully protected)
- d) Tree Surveys shall provide helpful design information to inform decisions about building placement

## 4. PROMOTION OF OUTDOOR SPACE AS LIVING SPACE

- a) Maintain view corridors for adjacent neighbors
- b) Use plants to provide privacy from adjacent neighbors
- c) Use plants to provide shade

#### **BUILDING PROCEDURES**

In order to maintain neat edges to private property and to preserve the capacity for scrub recovery, builders shall be responsible for the following procedures:

They shall ensure that surveying will occur without excessive damage to scrub, and that building layout shall occur with approved clearing confined to the area within the layout stakes and bound by wooden sand fencing. Fencing shall be sturdy as erected and shall be maintained continuously throughout the building project.

They shall stake access and work zones and confine surface clearing within these areas. These building operations shall be supervised by Draper Lake Site Construction Supervisor(s) and the Director of Design Review until contractor's procedures are proven effective. Site visits may occur at any given time.

Hand pruning and careful removal of vegetation shall be monitored closely by the General Contractor (GC) of the project, and the GC will be held fully responsible for any and all damage caused by his / her subcontractors.

Contractors and sub-contractors whose practices permanently damage scrub roots and preclude scrub regeneration shall be excluded from further building at Draper Lake and are advised to warn their clients of this responsibility.

No property owner shall remove or shall order the removal of any vegetation without written permission from the Director of Design Review.

All reasonable efforts shall be made to preserve the maximum amount of native vegetation as possible and to protect all specimen plants with the utmost of care. The property Architect-Designer shall clearly indicate on the site plan all specimen plants and ecologically sensitive areas.

They shall supervise the digging of foundations from within the building footprint, with excavators backing out through the future garage and driveway, and they shall ensure that access and storage for all building operations shall be from the lane and through the driveway.

All lakefronts lots require the installation and maintenance of a temporary silt fence in locations specified by the Director of Design Review (DDR). A mandatory site meeting shall be scheduled with the DDR to clearly identify and mark any and all vegetation permitted for removal within the 300 feet lake setback zone.

All work entry and exit routes, construction staging areas, and work zones shall be clearly identified and followed. All construction deliveries shall be directed to appropriate construction entrances occurring on each peninsula.

All unused construction materials shall not be stored on site and shall be removed within a timely manner once no longer needed.

No paint, stain, cleaning solutions, or other hazardous or corrosive materials shall be disposed of on property or directly in the ground. All such materials must be properly disposed of in appropriate containment zones. No paints or stains shall be applied using spray gun technology.

No utilities (i.e. power, water, etc.) shall be used or "borrowed" from any lot or property. Proper temporary utilities shall be the responsibility of the contractor.

Any damage that compromises the integrity, permeability, or structure of the pervious pavement street system shall be duly noted and the builder and/or lot owner for which the construction is being performed will be required to replace the affected areas with equal material. Mixing of concrete shall not be permitted atop the pervious pavement street system.

Any damage to common area property shall be reported immediately.

Site trailers will not be permitted. Well designed shingle-style work sheds may be permitted, however, a scaled drawing complete with elevations and a site plan of the proposed location must be submitted to the Director of Design Review for approval.

Contractors may install a standard approved wooden sign that displays the name of the owner, builder and architect of the project. Subcontractor signs shall not be permitted. Signs may not remain in place more than three (3) months after a project completion.

#### NATIVE LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS

Scrub outside of fences and walls shall be maintained and protected during the course of construction. Scrub should be pruned, but not removed, only as a measure for pedestrian or vehicular access. All other maintained areas of scrub may grow to any height. Upon construction completion, all vegetated areas disturbed during the normal course of construction shall be replaced with native plant and maintained for healthy and vigorous growth. Native plants shall be selected from the *Native Plant List*.

All in-ground plantings shall be 100% native from the Native Plant List provided within this document. No exceptions will be made.

## LANDSCAPE PLAN / CONSTRUCTION DETAILING

If choosing to develop more comprehensive plans for exterior spaces, all plans / details shall be submitted to Office of Design Review. Landscape development / outdoor space planning is recommended but not required during early stages of development with your architect or designer.

#### **PERMITTED PAVING / PATH MATERIALS**

All paths shall be constructed of pervious materials such as: pressure treated wooden boardwalk (preferred material), sand set pervious pavers, clay/ sand mixture, pine straw, pure white sand, pea gravel, filings or screenings, crushed oyster shell, wood mulch (eucalyptus mulch preferred); additional materials are acceptable if approved by the Director of Design Review.

<u>Mulch Materials</u>: pure white beach sand, pine straw, recycled leaf clutter, small screened pine bark mulch, cypress or eucalyptus mulch

The following shall not be permitted: grass lawns, formed concrete curbing, stamped concrete, electric bug deterrent systems, segmental retaining wall systems, railroad tie retaining walls, plastic / vinyl/uncoated aluminum edging, recycled plastic decking / composite decking material, lava rock, plastic trellises, plastic hanging baskets, nautical rope, Astroturf, plastic / fiberglass / vinyl planters, artificial plant material, colored lights, up lights, spot lights, outdoor speakers.

Raised Planters / Freestanding Planters: Both exotic and native plant material is acceptable for use in raised planters or freestanding planters. Freestanding planters may occur on both the interior and exterior of courtyards and outside of fences / walls. Irrigation is highly recommended for plant success in contained gardening. The placement of planters shall not interfere with intended parking areas. Water spigots are recommended for those areas adjacent to gardens and planters.

#### Landscape Lighting

Fixtures, wattage, and locations of landscape lighting are subject to review by Director of Design Review. Up lighting or accent lighting of any kind is strictly prohibited. All landscape lighting fixtures must be shielded to minimize light scatter to the sky and to adjacent properties. Shielded path lights are encouraged.

#### WHEN TO ENGAGE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT / GARDEN DESIGNER

\*A landscape architect, garden designer, or the house architect is required when creating landscape plans that incorporate elaborate plantings and hardscape designs including but not limited to: terracing, fountains, arbors, trellises, entertaining spaces, gathering spaces, formal / theme gardens, culinary gardens, etc. It is desirable to get the landscape architect / designer familiar with the project during design phase to efficiently use and connect indoor space and outdoor spaces. Often, the building architect will choose to design those exterior areas outside of the house (walks, terraces, fountains, etc.). This is perfectly acceptable and in most cases strongly encouraged. Plans prepared by any designer are subject to review and must be submitted to the Director of Design Review for approval.

### **DESIGN REVIEW POLICY**

**FUNCTION OF THE DESIGN REVIEW PROCESS** - To ensure a consistent architectural harmony of Draper Lake, by the developer and all property owners, all of whom are bound by regulations defined in the Draper Lake Declaration of Covenants and by the requirement contained in this document. To that end, no structure or improvement shall be erected or altered until written approvals described in this document have been obtained.

**SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY** - Draper Lake has the right to exercise control over all construction in Draper Lake and to review all alterations and modifications to structures and improvements (even after initial construction is complete), including, but not limited to: painting, renovations, and landscaping.

**ENFORCING POWERS** - Should a violation occur, Draper Lake has the right to an injunctive relief, which requires the owner to stop, remove, and/or alter any improvements in a manner that complies with the standards established by Draper Lake. Draper Lake does not relieve an owner of his/her obligation to obtain any government approvals. If such approvals are required and are not obtained by the owner, Draper Lake and/or the applicable government agency may take whatever actions are necessary against the owner to force compliance.

**LIMITATIONS OF RESPONSIBILITIES** - The primary goal of Draper Lake is to review the submitted applications in order to determine if the proposed construction conforms to the Code. Draper Lake does not assume responsibility for the following:

- 1. The structural adequacy, capacity, or safety features of the structure and/or improvement
- 2. Non-compatible or unstable soil conditions, soil erosion, drainage patterns, etc,
- 3. Compliance with any or all building codes, safety requirements, and governmental laws, regulations or ordinances
- 4. The performance or quality of work of any architect, designer, or contractor

**TOWN ARCHITECT/DESIGN REVIEW COMMITTEE** – All references to the committee shall refer to the Town Architect until the Committee is established. Membership of the committee shall consist of individuals appointed by Draper Lake. Meetings are held as requests are received.

**REVIEW FEES** - Review fees are established by Draper Lake. Draper Lake reserves the right to waive these fees at its discretion. The current nonrefundable Design Review Fees are as follows:

\$1,000 for a house or carriage house

\$1,500 for a house and a carriage house submitted together

\$500 for non-air conditioned structures.

Fees for modifications of existing structures will be determined on a case by case basis.

**EXPIRATION OF PLAN APPROVALS** - Effective January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010, all plan reviews and approvals for construction in Draper Lake will have an expiration period of 18 months. Construction from approved plans must begin within 18 months of the date that the Construction Documents are approved by the Director of Design Review. If the construction has not begun within 18 months of the Construction Document Review Approval Date, then the plans must be resubmitted and the follow review fees paid:

Previously-Approved Plans: \$300

Modified Plans: \$500 house only / \$750 house + carriage house

Plans will be reviewed based on the codes and regulations in effect at the time of the resubmittal.

**REVIEW POLICY** - Draper Lake reviews the submission and either grants approval, approval with stipulations, or denies approval. The architect is notified of the decision in writing within thirty days from the date of receipt of a complete submission package. Draper Lake may deny approval because the application is incomplete or inadequate. One set of plans will be returned to the architect with comments. If Draper Lake does not contact the architect within thirty days, the application shall not be deemed "Approved". If approval is not granted a revised application may be submitted and reviewed in the same fashion as the initial application. If the application is denied approval, a formal appeal may be made in writing to Draper Lake, Attn: Design Review Committee.

APPLICATION WITHDRAWAL - An application for withdrawal may be made without prejudice.

**VARIANCES** - All variance requests pertaining to The Code must be made in writing. Any variance granted shall be considered unique and will not set precedence for future decisions.

**APROVAL OF BUILDER** - All builders must be approved by Draper Lake to build in Draper Lake. A list of pre-approved builders who understand the high quality of construction expected at Draper Lake is available in this booklet.

"CONSTRUCTION DEPOSIT - A construction deposit of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) is required from the builder for each house. The deposit shall be held by Draper Lake (d/b/a Draper Lake) until a final field inspection has been made by Draper Lake and a Certificate of Completion issued. Full compliance will result in the return of nine thousand three hundred (\$9,300) of the construction deposit. If the deposit is required to repair, replace or clean up common areas damaged due to construction activities, the builder will be notified prior to the use of the deposit. The builder will be allowed to rectify the problem before the deposit is expended. Seven hundred dollars (\$700) of the deposit will be nonrefundable and will be deposited into a reserve fund for needed repairs to roads and gates that are not attributable to a specific builder."

**CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION** - A nonrefundable Construction Observation Fee of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) is required to fund a minimum of five and most likely many more inspections by the Director of Design Review during the construction process. Periodic inspections may be made by the Draper Lake Town Architect while construction is in progress to determine compliance with the approved plans and specifications. Draper Lake is empowered

to enforce its policies as set forth in The Code and the Declaration of Covenants by any action, including an action in a court of law, to ensure its compliance.

**WAIVER AND ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS** - The Code has been adopted to assist the owners in connection with the design review procedure. However, Draper Lake has the right to waive the code requirements on the basis or architectural merit or demonstrated hardship.

#### **DESIGN REVIEW PROCEDURE**

Always submit two (2) copies of all required documents and drawings to Draper Lake. Full size plans must NOT exceed 24" x 36".

All other incidental plans or revisions may be submitted as  $11 \times 17$ , Letter, or Legal Sized documents

Attention: Design Review Committee

Draper Lake Owners' Association, Inc.

P.O. Box 1247

Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459

All documents shall include:

- 1. Name of Project (Property Owner Last Name)
- 2. Block & Lot Number
- 3. Building Type (Street House I, Park House II, Lake House III)
- 4. Date

#### STEP 1

#### **Review Documents**

In order to proceed, you should have reviewed the following document:

- a. Lot Purchase Agreement
- b. Code which consists of:
  - i. the Regulating Plan
  - ii. the Urban Regulations
  - iii. the Architectural Regulations
  - iv. the Landscape Regulations
- c. Declaration of Covenants & Restrictions
- d. Design Review Procedure (this document)
- e. Order tree-survey and/or "as-is" survey of lot (highly recommended before design work commences)
- f. Pre-Approved architects, landscape architects and builders

#### STEP 2

#### Sketch Review

This review confirms a correct interpretation of The Code.

The Draper Lake Design Review Committee will stamp the drawings indicating status of approval.

- m. Form A: Sketch Review Application
- n. Architecture Review Fee (Plans will not be reviewed w/out Review Fee)
- o. Schematic Design Drawings as outlined below:

Site Plan (1/16" = 1') showing:

- ➢ North arrow
- Property lines
- Setbacks w/dimensions
- Building footprints with entries, porches and balconies delineated and overhangs shown as dashed lines
- Parking & driveway locations on site w/dimensions
- Walk locations
- Rubbish enclosure (at lane)
- Scrub preservation areas
- Hardscape plan (patios, pools, decks, arbors, trellis locations, etc.)

- Impervious coverage calculations (house footprint & other impervious surfaces)
- Floor plans  $(1/8"=1' \text{ or } \frac{1}{4} = 1')$

#### **Elevations** $(1/8"=1' \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}"=1')$ showing:

- Porches, balconies, doors, and windows
- Principal materials rendered and specified
- Height of each floor, eave and maximum height in relation to ground level
- > Roof pitch
- Grade vents
- Section(s) through site showing building integration to existing grade and specimen trees / vegetation

#### STEP 3

#### **Construction Documents Review**

\*\*Be sure to submit Construction Document review paperwork before sending projects out to bid\*\*

This review checks the construction documents for compliance with The Code and verifies that recommendations made at the Sketch Review have been incorporated and the plans revised accordingly. Conformity to applicable local regulations and building codes is the responsibility of your architect or builder. Draper Lake will stamp the drawings upon approval. One stamped set of architectural plans will be retained in the Office of Design Review, and the 2<sup>nd</sup> stamped set will be returned to the architect-designer with a Letter of Final Approval. The property owner(s) will also receive an original Letter of Final Architectural Approval.

**Note:** The Design Review Office <u>will not issue</u> Letters of Final Architectural Approval directly to the Builder of the project. It is the Architect-Designers' and /or Property Owners' responsibility to disseminate copies of the Final Approved Construction Documents to the Builder. Plans used for construction should display the "Draper Lake Approved" stamp. This is the only way to ensure that the Builder is constructing the project from the most current set of plans.

### The **Construction Document Application** should include the following:

a. Form A (copy): Sketch Review Application bearing Draper Lake's Stamp of Approval

b. Form **B**: Construction Document Review Application

c. Form **C-1**: <u>Materials & Finishes List</u>

d. Construction Documents as outlined:

#### Site Plan showing:

- 1" = 10': Building footprints and setbacks from all adjacent properties w/dimensions
- Building footprints with entries, porches and balconies delineated and overhangs shown as dashed lines
- Parking and driveway locations on site
- > All applicable hardscape surfaces (e.g. Pools, decks, walks, etc.)
- Spot grades, grading plan, wall heights (top & bottom of walls)
- Area drains (if applicable)

#### Floor Plans (1/4" = 1') showing:

- Rooms dimensioned and used labeled
- > All windows and doors with swings shown
- All overhangs of doors and roofs as dashed lines
- Overall dimensions
- > Total square footage (enclosed porches shown separately)

#### Elevations (1/4" =1') showing:

- Porches, balconies, doors, windows
- Stoops, steps, grade changes
- Principal materials rendered and specified
- > Height of each floor, eave and maximum height in relation to ground level
- Roof pitch
- Gutter and drainpipe locations (if applicable)
- Fencing and gates

### **Details** (3/4 "= 1' or 1-1/2 "= 1') showing:

- Water table (if any)
- Chimneys
- Retaining Walls
- Piers, posts, bracketing
- Eaves
- Doors and window surrounds
- Shutters
- Porches
- Others (as requested by Draper Lake)

#### **Lighting Plan:**

- Photocell operated lights w/out override switches
  - i. 40 watts at garage doors & parking arbors
  - ii. 25 watts at primary entrances & exterior stairways
- Path lights

**Coverage Table:** Note maximum allowable coverage for the lot and tabulate total coverage, including porches and non-pervious walkways.

**Stormwater Containment Plans** as specified in The Code: Provide a note in the drawings explaining the plan. Plan must be produced by a certified civil engineer in the State of Florida. Lots with significant topographical change will be most subject to this Requirement.

**Landscape Plan** delineating scrub save areas and new plantings with native species as outlined in *Native Plant List* of the Landscape Regulations.

**Variances**: If there are any variances to The Code, submit a description of them and the justification based on merit or hardship.

Draper Lake will approve, approve with stipulations, or deny continued construction. The owner and/or builder may also be asked by Draper Lake to stake out the building, garden walls, fences and trees to be removed.

If you have not selected a builder by this time, you should do so now. This book contains a list of approved builders, located at the end.

#### STEP 4

#### **Construction Commencement**

- a. Form D: Construction Commencement Application
- b. Construction Deposit (See "Construction Deposit" for more information)
- c. Walton County Building Permit(s)

Note: County requirements continue to evolve and strengthen. The project builder should perform proper due diligence to confirm all County requirements **prior to** Draper Lake construction commencement submission.

Some known requirements may include:

- i. Draper Lake Letter of Architectural Code Approval (pools included)
- ii. Sewer & Tap Fee Sale Confirmation Letter
- iii. Architectural & construction plans (as issued by project architect & engineers)
- d. Arrange on-site meeting with architect and/or Director of Design Review to discuss vegetation preservation measures for individual lot.
- e. Temporary power establishment
- f. Dumpster ordered

# Construction may not begin until all above measures are fully addressed.

#### **Landscape Preservation Procedures**

\*\* Please review Landscape Regulations for exact details\*\*

In order to maintain neat edges to private property and to preserve the capacity for scrub recovery, builders shall be responsible for the following procedures:

- Ensure that surveying shall occur without superficial damage to scrub, and that building layout shall occur without superficial clearing and confined to the area within the layout stakes;
- Stake access and work zones and confine surface clearing to within these areas;
- Supervise the digging of foundations from within the building footprint, with excavators backing out through the future garage and driveway, and ensure that access and storage for all building operations shall be from the land and through the driveway;

Contractors and sub-contractors whose practices permanently damage scrub roots and preclude scrub regeneration may be excluded from further building at Draper Lake and are advised to warn their clients of this responsibility.

Draper Lake Owners' Association reserves the right to inspect properties in the field for compliance to the approved documents during any stage of construction. As a result of these inspections, Draper Lake Homeowners' Association may deny continued construction.

Typical field inspections will occur at these times:

- a. At string stake out of buildings, garden walls, fences and trees to be removed.
- b. When pilings or formwork for footings are in place.
- c. At the commencement of wall cladding or finish.
- d. At the commencement of the construction of eaves, fences, columns, and banisters.

## STEP 5

#### **Minor Change Application**

It is anticipated that owners may wish to make improvements or modifications to their buildings during construction or subsequently. To do so, submit the following:

- a. Form E: Minor Change Application
- b. Applicable drawings as necessary to describe the modification

A minor change may be executed upon receipt of Form **E**: Minor Change Application bearing Draper Lake Owners' Association Stamp of approval.

#### STEP 6

#### **Final Inspection**

Upon completion of construction submit the following (one copy of each):

- a. Form F: Final Inspection Application
- b. Final Certified Survey
- c. As-Built Drawings
- d. Certificate of Occupancy

Building(s) may be occupied upon receipt of Form **F**: Final Inspection Application bearing Draper Lake Owners' Association stamp of approval. The refundable portion of the Construction Deposit will be returned with the approved Form **F**.

**Approval of Builders** - All builders must be approved by Draper Lake Owners' Association to build in Draper Lake Coastal Village. A list of pre-approved builders who understand the high quality of construction expected at Draper Lake is available in this booklet. For purposes of quality control, this list is a closed list. Additions will be considered only upon the highest of merits and only by a written variance request. Any builder straying from expectations of building quality and customer satisfaction will be removed from the list first by written probation. Should infractions and complaints received prior to and during the probationary period not be corrected in a timely manner, any builder or building company may be permanently removed from the Approved Builder List with written notice.

Construction Deposit - A construction deposit of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) is required from the builder for each house. The deposit shall be held by Draper Lake Owners' Association until a final field inspection has been made by Draper Lake Owners' Association. Full compliance will result in the return of the construction deposit. If the deposit is required to repair, replace, or clean up common areas that are damaged due to construction activities, the builder will be notified prior to the use of the deposit. The builder will be allowed to rectify the problem before the deposit is expended.

**Construction Inspection** - Periodic inspections may be made by Draper Lake Owners' Association while construction is in progress to determine compliance with the approved plans and specifications. Draper Lake Owners' Association is empowered to enforce its policies as set forth in The Code and the Declaration of Covenants by any action, including an action in a court of law, to ensure its compliance.

Waiver and Additional Requirements - The Code has been adopted to assist the owners in connection with the design review procedure. However, Draper Lake Owner' Association has the right to waive the code requirements on the basis of architectural merit or demonstrated hardship.

# DRAPERLAKE

#### COASTALVILLAGE

### APPROVED EXTERIOR SIDING STAINS

BENJAMIN MOORE	CABOT	SHERWIN WILLIAMS
Beige Gray Mystic Gold Oxford Brown Cheyenne Green Dragon's Breath Rustic Taupe Sandpiper Platinum Gray	Acorn Beachgrass Black Bluestone Golden Husk Juniper Mulberry Ochre Sienna Sand Silver Beach	Chestnut Brown Harbor Mist Riverwood Moss Olive Spice Chest Hill Country Banyan Brown
	Thatch	

Wall colors must be stain, not paint. Semi-Solid, semi-transparent, and transparent stains are preferred.

Trim may be solid stain or <u>flat</u> paint.

Listed colors might not be acceptable for a particular house dependent on location and colors of nearby homes.

# Draper Lake Town Architect's FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions):

**Q:** Who designed and developed the community of Draper Lake?

**A:** Draper Lake was designed in 2004 by world-renowned town planners Duany Plater-Zyberk (**DPZ**), the creators of Seaside, Rosemary Beach, and Alys Beach. DPZ was engaged by Leucadia, the developer of Rosemary Beach, to create an exclusive, gated community on 30a that reflected the unique character of its location on wooded hills above a rare, coastal dune lake. The spirit of this setting inspired DPZ to design a walkable, bike-, board- and kayak-friendly community based on the Great Camps of the Adirondacks, Lake Champlain, and other turn-of-the-century lakefront retreats. Draper Lake has been featured in many fine publications since its creation, including a place on the cover of *Southern Living* magazine.

**Q:** Are there architectural codes and community covenants in Draper Lake?

**A:** Absolutely. These were developed by DPZ, and are extremely well-designed to protect the investment of all Draper Lake homeowners. Additionally, there is a Town Architect entrusted with the interpretation and enforcement of the code for all new construction. A copy of the **Architectural Code** as well as the **Covenants** is available on the website at <a href="https://www.draperlake.com">www.draperlake.com</a>.

**Q:** I am interested in purchasing a lot in Draper Lake. What is the first step?

A: Speaking to one of the Architects from the Approved Architects List (see <a href="www.draperlake.com">www.draperlake.com</a>) is a great first step. In conjunction with your realtor, the architect can advise you on the differences between the available lots based on the size, location, and lot type to help you choose the perfect lot for your needs.

**Q:** I currently own a lot in Draper Lake and would like to build. What is the first step?

A: If you already own a lot, speaking with one of the **Approved Architects** is the first step in getting underway with the design and construction process. They can advise you on builder selection, plan layouts, house size, views, and other vital issues. Your architect will also consult with the Town Architect prior to starting work on the house to verify the specific requirements for your lot.

**Q:** What builder(s) can I work with in Draper Lake?

A: There is a list of **Approved Builders** on the Draper Lake website whose licensure, portfolio, and references have been verified by the community. With the advice of your Architect (see previous question), you will select one or more builders from this list (see <a href="https://www.draperlake.com">www.draperlake.com</a>) to provide careful cost estimates for the project.

Q: How does the Design Review process work?

A: The review process is outlined in the Design Review Policy section of the Draper Lake Code Book. Your approved Architect will submit drawings to the Town Architect for two separate design reviews, at the Preliminary stage and later at the Construction Document stage. The **Design Review Fee** is \$1,000 for a single structure (the main house OR carriage house), and \$1,500 for the two structures submitted together. The fee covers both reviews, and is payable to:

Draper Lake Homeowners' Association, Inc. P.O. Box 1247 Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459

Approved drawings are returned to your architect, who will then coordinate with the contractor in applying to Walton County for a Building Permit. A \$10,000 Construction Deposit (all but \$700 of which is refundable) as well as a non-refundable \$2,500 Construction Observation Fee must be paid to the Homeowners' Association prior to commencing construction for damage and compliance purposes.

**Q:** What do the roman numerals shown on each lot in the community Regulating Plan signify?

A: There are three different lot types in Draper Lake, represented by a I ("Street House"), a II ("Park House"), or a III ("Lake House") on the official community Regulating Plan. Each lot type has its own unique setbacks, porch locations, and height requirements, all described in the Architectural Code and carefully master-planned by DPZ to bring their vision to life. Within these parameters, many different designs are possible. Your architect can explain the Design Code in greater detail.

**Q:** What is the typical range of construction costs in Draper Lake?

A: This depends on many factors, including project size, builder selection, interior finishes, etc. So far, we have seen construction costs ranging from \$200 to \$350 per square foot of conditioned space on recent projects. Higher or lower costs can possibly be achieved, but this range will likely apply to most of the homes in the community. As a rule of thumb, the homeowner's selections typically represent about one-third of the total cost of construction, with the other two-thirds embodied in the walls, roof, windows & doors, and the structure of the home.

**Q:** Do I have to build a carriage house now, or at any future date?

A: No. There is no requirement to build a carriage house along with the main house, although based on the history of Seaside and Rosemary Beach many homeowners will choose to do so. One advantage to building both structures together is a substantial cost savings, which may be a consideration. Regardless of whether a carriage house is built, a minimum of two on-site parking spaces must be provided. More on-site parking spaces are strongly recommended where possible. Please note that a carriage house cannot be built prior to or rented separately from the main structure.

# Draper Lake Approved Architects 2017

Builder	Address	City State 9 7in			
A Boheme	P. O. Box 611365	Rosemany Boach El 22461	l elephone	Fax/Email	
Archiscapes, LLC	1562 Bay Grove Road	Freehort El 22/20	850-231-6803	darrell@abohemedesign.com	
Bill Ingram Architect	2205 7th Avenue S	Dirmingham Al Sessa	850-835-0404	architect@archiscapes.com	
Braulio Casas Architects PA	D O Box 4010	Billilligildin, AL 35233	205-325-5599	205-324-3072	
Chael Coner & Associator	1: O. BOX 4616	Seaside, FL 32459	850-231-0922	info@casasarchitecture.com	
Charactic Copies & Associates	15/1 Sunset Drive	Coral Gables, FL 33143	305-666-0185	305-666-0360	
Criancey Design Partnership	$\neg$	Seagrove Beach, FL 32459	850-231-2057	info@shancevdesign com	
Cooper Johnson Smith Architects	_	Tampa, FL 33602	813-273-0034	813-273-0079	
Domin Bock Architects, AIA	P. O. Box 611201	Rosemary Beach, FL 32461	850-231-2787	doug@dominbock.com	
Dungan Nequette Architects	2829 2nd Ave. S., Suite 240	Birmingham, AL 35233	205-322-6455	205-322-6167	
Eric Watson Architect, PA, AIA	P. O. Box 611322	Rosemary Beach. FL 32461	850-231-4541	9EO 321 ECOO	
Florida Haus	P. O. Box 4657	Seaside. Fl 32459	852,231,3100	830-231-3880 61k	
Fouquet Architecture	3723 E Co Hwy 30A	Santa Rosa Beach El 32459	850-524-0072	ililaus@aoi.com	
Gary William Justiss Architect	266 Main St. Blount Springs	Havden Al 35079	205 547 4044	<u>ricnard@touquetdesign.com</u>	
Geoff Chick & Associates		Santa Rosa Boach El 22450	203-047-4044	<u> 205-647-4744</u>	
Gillespie & Steele		Sainta Nosa Beach, FL 32439	85U-622-0210	<u>geoff@geoffchick.com</u>	
Greene Decian 110	- 1	St. James, Barbados, W. Indies	246-425-1356	246-424-0334	
Misheel Design, LLC	te 103	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-231-0548	frank@greenedesign.com	Drange   abo Tour Ambite
J. IMIChael Hunnicut Architects	8317 Front Beach Road	Panama City Beach, FL 32407	850-234-1030	hunni@knology net	Diapei Lake town Architect
Ken Tate Architect, PA	206 Covington Street	Madisonville, LA 70447	985-845-8181	985.845.9103	
Kiara Designs Co.	PO Box 61195	Rosemary Beach El 32461	250 321 0044	7010-040-000	
Margaretten Architectural, RA	e. Suite 18	Grayton Boach El 224En	070 224 2670	iourdes@kiaradesigns.com	
McAlpine Tankersley Architecture One Dexter Avenue		Montenmen, Al 35104	850-231-3650	<u>margaaretten@usa.net</u>	
R.W. Lowe Architecture, PC	Suite 208	Santa Ross Boach El 224En	010 25 010	334-262-8311	
Savoie Architects. PA	6346 W Co Hun 30A	Court have beauti, FL 32439	820-3/6-0552	rick@rwlowearchitecture.com	
Seth Harry & Associates Joc		Santa Kosa Beach, FL 32459	850-622-0057	architect@mcsavoie.com	
T	Ton Koad	Woodbine, MD 31797	410-489-4725	410-489-7554	
sociates		Rernandina Beach, FL 32034	904-277-0850	info@starrsanforddesign com	
7			850-278-6828	andrea@studio-a-architecture com	
Architects, Inc.	dg 5	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459		info@TSadamsCtudio com	
Tyler R. Doin, Inc.	325 West Shore Drive		Ī	thoin@embaramail.com	
Volume Zero Architectural Studio	1034 Joliet Street			Dostmaster@volumezero.com	
					•

Updated February 2017. All information subject to change; see www.draperlake.com for most current list.

# Draper Lake Approved Builders 2017

Builder	Address	City, State & Zip	Telepjhone	Fax/Email	FL License #
Arkon Group, Inc.	P. O. Box 4850	Seaside, FL 32459	850-231-6900	info@arkongroup.com	CGC1509060
Artisan Builders	P. O. Box 4774	Seaside, FL 32459	850-231-4604	850-231-1613	CGC1513573
Breaux Construction	110 Logan Lane, Suite 1	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-231-1248	850-231-4292	CGC060348
Brunson Building Inc.	1760 Osprey Cove	Niceville, FL 32578	850-687-3745	rbrunson@brunsonbuilding.com	CGC059323
BRW Builders of Destin, Inc.	P. O. Box 6397	Destin, FL 32550	850-837-4413	850-654-5085	CBC046744
	790 N Cty 393, B3, Unit A	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-420-0381	clark.chris@mchsi.com	
t Custom Homes	10343 E Highway 30A Unit 106	Panama City Beach, FL 32413	850-231-9502	ctennant@ctcustomhomes.com	CGC1516890
CJB Construction	P. O. Box 613651	Watersound, FL 32461	850-502-4068	info@CJBConstruction.com	CBC1254636
& Development	PO Box 2521	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-660-1015	danielcole@bellsouth.net	CGC1518751
	P. O. Box 6714	Miramar Beach, FL 32550	850-685-0123	matt@corestruction.com	CGC1510634
Davis Dunn Construction	P. O. Box 699	Destin, FL 32540	850-654-9152	ddci@davisdunn.com	CGC1504141
	P. O. Box 2187	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-218-0905	duneconstruction@hotmail.com	CBC1254239
	P. O. Box 4628	Seaside, FL 32459	850-231-1454	850-231-5680	RB0067142
s Group	P. O. Box 613325	Watersound, FL 32461	850-855-5746	ron@envisionbuildersgroup.com	CBC1255932
	P. O. Box 4741	Seaside, FL 32459	850-267-2898	850-267-9005	CGC1515280
tion, Inc.	P. O. Box 611481	Rosemary Beach, FL 32461	850-235-6222	john@galvasconstruction.com	CGC1514429
	P. O. Box 7096	Panama City Beach, FL 32413	850-230-1474	850-233-4696	CRC1328097
nc.	717 Gulf View Drive	Panama City Beach, FL 32413	850-230-8277	rpfneisel@knology.net	CGC1516572
	P. O. Box 611703	Rosemary Beach, FL 32461	850-231-0672	koastbuilders@embargmail.com	CBC060457
	Way	Freeport, FL 32439	850-246-2583	dsi@lukeandblues.com	CBC1255302
	P. O. Box 4623	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-231-4903	warren.laurent@yahoo.com	RB0066589
	16207 Sky Avenue	Panama City Beach, FL 32413	850-234-0311	maynardconstruction@hotmail.com CBC060496	CBC060496
	PO Box 6710	Miramar Beach, FL 32550	850-254-9977	doug@Doug-Turner.com	CRC016241
Velvet Sun Builders, Inc.	497 Serona Rd. Suite 3	Santa Rosa Beach, FL 32459	850-319-7262	allen@velvetsunbuilders.com	CGC1520778
	Updated February 2017. All in	All information subject to change; see www.draperlake.com for most current list.	www.draperlake.cc	om for most current list.	